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June 23, 2025

Special List 543 Mexican Imprints

Items marked with an asterisk (*) will be shipped from Lisbon.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED: All items are understood to be on approval, and may be returned within a reasonable time for any reason whatsoever.

VISITORS BY APPOINTMENT



Special List 543 Mexican Imprints

1. Aranzel de los derechos que han de percebir los Receptores de la Real
Audencia de esta corte. [Colophon] Mexico: Imprenta Real de Doña Maria
de Rivera, 1742. Folio (29 x 20.2 cm.), loose in much later folder. Caption
title. In good condition. 6 pp.\$600.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION.

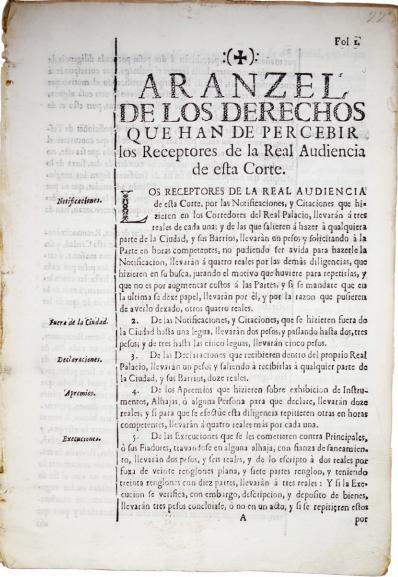
* Medina, *La imprenta en Mexico* 3591. OCLC: 55254574. WorldCat locates a single copy, in the Biblioteca Nacional de Chile.

2. BARBOSA, P. Fr. Francisco de la Concepcion. *Catedra de Prima en que Jesus pendiente, enseña la sabiduria toda con sus siete palabras. Septenario devoto a Jesus Crucificado, dedicado al mismo Señor, en favor de los devotos de su Santisima Pasion.* Mexico: Imprenta de los Herederos del Lic. D. Joseph de Jauregui, 1795. 16°, unbound, stitched (first and last leaves detached). Full-page primitive woodcut of crucifixion on verso of title page. Typographical ornament at end of text. Very minor foxing and spotting. Good condition. (16 ll.). \$250.00

A seven-day devotion, based on Christ's last words.

Fray Francisco de la Concepción was a native of Mexico, and became a Franciscan in the province of Santo Evangelio. A zealous preacher, he was a missionary in the Colegio de Propaganda Fide in Querétaro and librarian of the Convento Grande de Mexico.

* Medina *Mexico* 8466. Palau 23814 (cites editions of 1732, 1733, 1769, 1774, and 1795). Cf. Beristain y Souza, *Biblioteca hispano-americana septentrional* I, 131: citing an edition of Mexico, 1732. *NUC*: locates only a single copy of the 1791 edition at MnU. OCLC: 1238111419 (John Carter Brown Library, Biblioteca Nacional de Chile); 26107788 (DIBAM-Serpat); for the Mexico, 1769 edition: 55276428 (Biblioteca Nacional de Chile, DIBAM-Serpat); for the Mexico, 1791 edition: 26084504 (Florida State University, University of Minnesota-Minneapolis, DIBAM-Serpat); 1318295811 (Biblioteca Nacional de Chile); 80045627 (no location given); for the Mexico, 1819 edition: 55238504 (Biblioteca Nacional de Chile, DIBAM-Serpat); 915804900 (University of Dayton). No edition located in CCPBE. No edition located in Rebiun. No edition located in Jisc.



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Item 1

Sir Thomas Phillipps' Copy

3. [BOLGENI, Giovanni Vincenzo]. El Obispado, disertacion sobre la potestad de gobernar la Iglesia, en que se demuestra la divina institucion de su gerarquía. Traducida del italiano al español por un sacerdote secular. Parte primera [and Segunda]. Nuevamente corregida. 2 parts in 1 volume. Mexico: Imprenta de Galvan a cargo de Mariano Arevalo, 1829. 4°, contemporary quarter green (faded) sheep over marbled boards (some scraping and other wear), flat spine gilt, text block edges sprinkled. Minor stains; 5 cm. tear in leaf 13/4 of part I, without loss. Overall in good to very good condition. From the library of Sir Thomas Phillipps, with his shelf mark and pencilled "MHC" on front pastedown. (1 l.), vi, 311; 260 pp. Lacking pp. 209-16 of the second part. Page 255 of part 2 incorrectly numbered 155. 2 parts in 1 volume. \$150.00

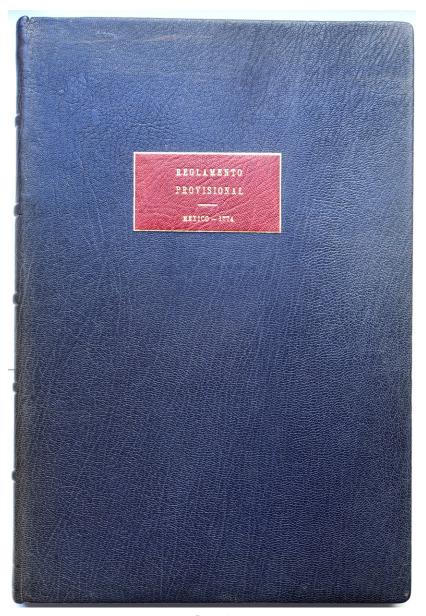
First Mexican Edition of this Spanish translation of Bolgeni's *L'Episcopato*, Rome 1789.

Provenance: Sir Thomas Phillipps, 1st Baronet (1792-1872) was an English antiquary and book collector who amassed the largest collection of manuscript material in the 19th century, due to his severe condition of bibliomania. He was an illegitimate son of a textile manufacturer and inherited a substantial estate, which he spent almost entirely on vellum manuscripts, and, when out of funds, borrowed heavily to buy manuscripts, thereby putting his family deep into debt. Phillipps began his collecting while still at Rugby and continued at Oxford. Eventually he acquired some 40,000 printed books and 60,000 manuscripts, arguably the largest collection a single individual has created, and coined the term "vello-maniac" to describe his obsession. A.N.L. Munby notes that he spent perhaps between two hundred thousand and a quarter of a million pounds, altogether four or five thousand pounds a year, while accessions came in at the rate of forty or fifty a week. He was an assiduous cataloguer who established the Middle Hill Press (named after his country seat at Broadway, Worcestershire) in 1822 not only to record his book holdings but also to publish his findings in English topography and genealogy. Ultimately, the dispersal of his collection took over 100 years. A five-volume history of the collection and its dispersal, Phillipps Studies, by A. N. L. Munby was published between 1951 and 1960.

* Not in Palau; cf. 197773-4 for the Madrid, 1792 and 1824 editions. Not located in NUC. OCLC: This edition not in OCLC, which cites an edition in Spanish of La Coruña, 1814 (630228468: Universidade de Valladolid). This edition not in CCPBE, which cites the Coruña 1814 edition (24 locations, mostly in Galicia), and that of Madrid 1824 (42 locations given). Rebiun cites the same two editions at a number of locations.

Care and Feeding of a Garrison Whose Mission was to Fend Off Pirates Near the Yucatán

4. BUCARELI Y URSÚA [Hinostrosa Lasso de la Vega], Fr. D. Antonio Maria, Viceroy of New Spain (1771-1779). Reglamento provisional para el prest, vestuario, gratificaciones, hospitalidad, recluta, disciplina y



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total govierno de la tropa que debe guarnecer el Presidio de Nuestra Señora del Carmen de la Isla de Tris en la Laguna de Término, dispuesto, en virtud de Real Orden de once de Septiembre de mil setecientos setenta y tres, por Mexico: En la Imprenta de D. Felipe de Zuñiga y Ontiveros, 1774. Folio (31 x 20.5 cm.), recent navy Oasis morocco, spine with raised bands in six compartments, crimson Oasis lettering piece on front cover, gilt letter, antique marbled endleaves. Large woodcut Spanish royal arms on title-page. Woodcut initials. Typographical headpiece. Tables in text. In very good to fine condition. Old (contemporary?) ink numbers "158", "175", and "187" at upper right corner of title page and each divisional title. (1 1.), 32, 23, 15 pp. []³, B-S². \$2,600.00

FIRST EDITION of these regulations for the administration of the Spanish garrison housed in the fortress of the Isla del Carmen (Yucatán Peninsula), which had been built as a permanent home for the soldiers tasked with rebuffing the pirates who had been ousted from the island a few decades earlier, and who continued to attack it. Included are positions and salaries of all personnel and regulations for clothing, horses, weapons, a hospital, and a chapel.

The second section (drop-title: Instruccion para el govierno interior y buen régimen de la Guarnicion del Presidio del Carmen, que observarán puntualmente los Comandantes de los tres Cuerpos que la componen, igualmente que el Governador en la parte que le toque) goes into quite specific detail about the uniforms for dragoons, infantry, and artillery; housing for married soldiers; preserving morale; care of horses; and artillery exercises.

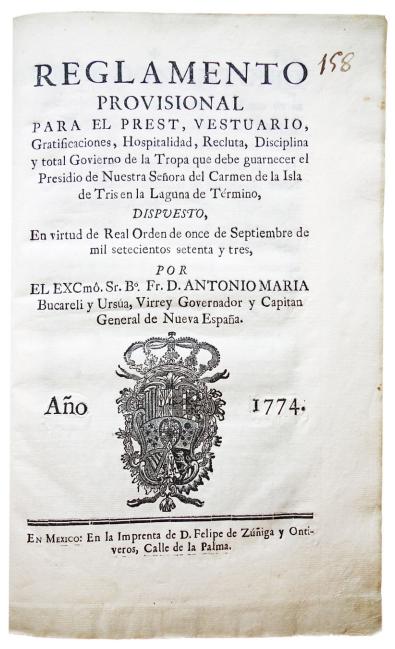
The third section (drop title: Instruccion y metodo con que se ha de establecer el Hospital para la tropa de la Guarnicion del Presidio de Nuestra Señora del Carmen, y en que se expresan las obligaciones de cada uno de los Individuos empleados en su servicio) deals with the hospital and the duties of those employed there, including cooks, pharmacists, surgeons, blood-letters, and nurses.

Despite the separate pagination, the quire signatures follow from the first section through the third. An edition with additions by Pedro Gorostiza was published in Mexico, 1791 (56 pp.).

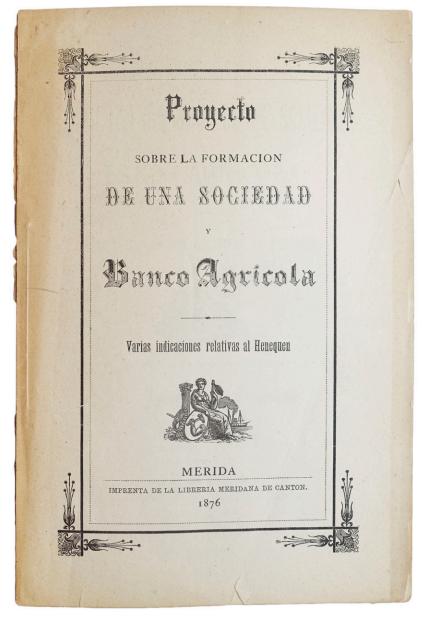
The Isla de Tris, on a lagoon at the western end of the Yucatán Peninsula, was discovered by the Spanish in 1518 but left uncolonized. By 1558, it was a haven for English pirates in the western Gulf of Mexico. Through the seventeenth century, repeated Spanish expeditions failed to roust the pirates. Finally in 1716 the pirates were driven out and a Spanish garrison installed, but the pirates continued to return and to burn the temporary forts. Only in the 1750s-1760s was a more permanent fort constructed. The regulations here are for the garrison that defended that fort.

In 1786, more than a decade after this work appeared, the Alcalde Mayor of Tabasco, Francisco de Amuzquivar, sent militia from Tabasco and swept the last of the pirates from the island. The island is now the site of Ciudad del Carmen.

* Medina, *Mexico* 5674. Palau 36497. Sabin 68885. *NUC*: RPJCB. OCLC: 20385026 (University of California-Berkeley, Newberry Library, with 1 p.1., 32, 23, 15 pp.); 55283635 (Biblioteca Nacional de Chile, with 32, 23, 15 pp.); 651259688 (Biblioteca Nacional de Mexico, 32, 23, 15 pp.); 228720975 (Huntington Library, 32, 23, 15 pp.); 55281978 (John Carter Brown Library, Biblioteca Nacional de Chile, calling for 32 pp.); 458945694 (Bibliothèque nationale de France, 32 pp.); also digitized and microform copies. Rebiun locates a copy of a work with the same title at the Universidad Complutense de Madrid, but gives the date as "s.n., 1791, 12 de Noviembre"). Not located in CCPBE. Jisc locates only a microfiche copy at the National Library of Scotland.



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Item 5

Laments the Low Price of Henequen; Calls for Establishment of a Bank

5. CANTON, R[udolfo] G. *Proyecto sobre la formacion de una sociedad y banco agricola. Varias relaciones relativa al Henequen.* Merida: Imprenta de la Libreria Meridana de Canton, 1876. 8°, original beige printed wrappers (nicked at edges). In good to very good condition. Inscribed by author on title. to Sr. Steph. Salisburg Jr., dated 1877. 28 pp.

\$500.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION. Canton (a publisher as well as an author, judging from the imprint) deplores the current drop in the price of henequen and the scarcity of coinage in the Yucatán. He urges that landowners form an association to promote their interests and establish a bank to improve the flow of capital. In the section dealing with henequen in particular (pp. 17-24), Canton notes that the producers of the Yucatán have long been at the mercy of New York to sell their product, and gives details of prices and tariffs for trade with New York and the United States.

Henequen is a variety of agave similar to sisal, used for twine and cordage. Yucatan produces a large portion of the world's henequen. From colonial times until well into the twentieth century, henequen was raised on large plantations owned by a few land owners.

* Not in Palau. OCLC: 23852190 (University of Texas at Austin). Not located in CCPBE. Not located in KVK (51 databases searched).

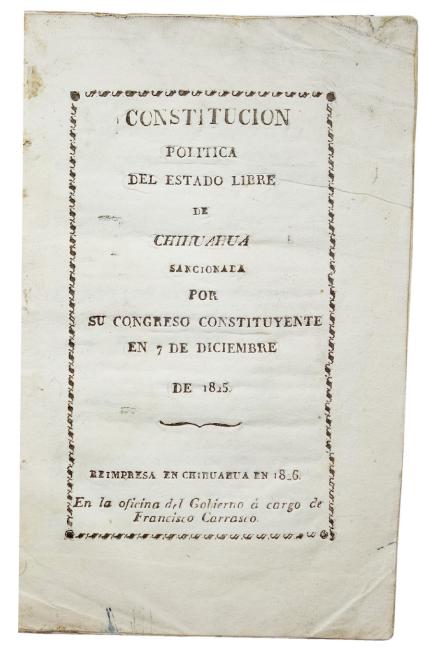
First Constitution of the Mexican State of Chihuahua Applied to Parts of Present-Day Texas, Arizona and New Mexico Abolishes Slavery

6. [CHIHUAHUA, MEXICO]. *Constitucion politica del Estado Libre de Chihuahua sancionada por su Congreso Constituyente en 7 de Diciembre de 1825.* Reimpresa en Chihuahua: En la oficina del Gobierno á cargo de Francisco Carrasco, 1826. 4°, disbound. In very good condition. 32 pp. \$3,800.00

Very rare early reprinting of the first constitution of the free Mexican state of Chihuahua, which then included the future city of El Paso, Texas. At the time Chihuahua also included parts of present day Arizona and New Mexico, which were later ceded to the United States in the Gadsden Purchase, 1853-1854. Titulo II, article 7, page 5 abolishes slavery In Chihuahua; the institution was abolished throughout Mexico only in 1829. This is one of the earliest works printed in Chihuahua. It is long and specific on the rights and obligations of the "Chihuahuenses" encompassing 21 "Titulos" with 129 articles.

* Eberstadt, *Catalogue 167* (1965), item 373. This edition not in Palau (cf. 59717). No edition in Streeter, *Bibliography of Texas*, *1795-1845*. OCLC: 20220508 (Yale University, University of Arizona, Internet resource—the Yale copy digitized). See also 79998502 and 1026618736 (the original Chihuahua 1825 edition, both records refer to the American Philosophical Society only); and 16518065 (a later 1826 edition reprinted at Mexico City; located at Newberry Library, Tulane University). No edition of this first constitution of Chihuahua located in CCPBE. None located in Jisc. None located in KVK (51 databases searched).

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7. [CHOLERA]. Auxilios que del momento deben prestarse al que sea atacado del Cólera Morbus. San Luis Potosi: Imprenta del Estado, 1849. Broadside (32.5 x 22 cm.), unbound. Short tears at edges and one longer, 4 cm. tear at upper margin, without loss. In very good condition. \$400.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION [?]. A brief summary of two types of cholera (gradual onset and sudden, violent onset), with recommendations for treating each.

* OCLC: 79969637 (National Library of Medicine, Harvard University Medical School-Countway Library). Not located in CCPBE. Not located in Rebiun. Not located in Jisc. Not located in KVK (51 databases searched).

Cholera in San Luís Potosí, 1850

8. [CHOLERA]. *Metodo Curativo del Colera Morbo por el licenciado D. Pedro Vasquez reimpreso en Sevilla en 1834*. San Luis Potosi: Imprenta del Estado en Palacio, a cargo de Ventura Carrillo, 1850. Broadside (31.5 x 22.5 cm.), disbound. A bit frayed at edges. In good to very good condition. (1 1.). \$200.00

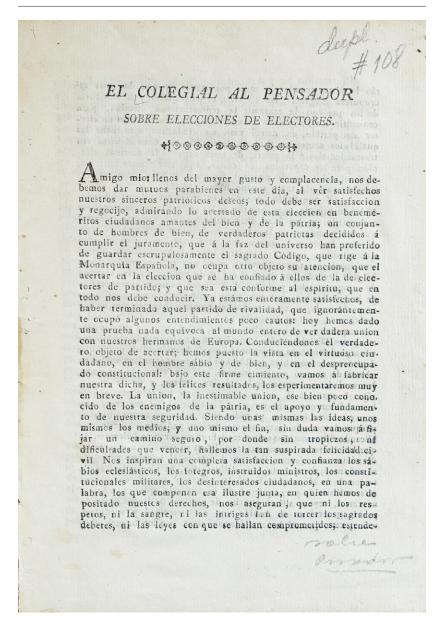
Rare San Luis Potosí imprint. Reprints advice to help deal with yet another outbreak of cholera, particularly what patients should and should not eat and drink. This work is said to have been first printed in Seville, 1833, then reprinted in Guatemala, and from there sent to Cadiz by a Guatemalan. It is said to have been printed in San Salvador in 1837.

* OCLC: This edition not located; cf. 303829362 for an edition in smaller format of 3 pp., San Vicente: Imprenta del Estado, [1837] (University of Texas-Austin, University of California-San Francisco, British Library, Wellcome Library, Biblioteca Nacional de España, Universitat de Barcelona, University of Melbourne). This edition not located in CCPBE, which locates the Seville 1833 edition of 14 pp., 13 cm tall, at the Real Academia Nacional de Medicina-Madrid, a Saragosa 1834 edition of 7 pp., 22 cm. tall, at the Bibliotec del Colegio de los Padres Escolapios-Zaragoza, and a Santiago, 1834 edition of 8 pp., 15 cm tall, at the Universidad de Santiago de Compostela-Biblioteca General, and five others, all of which are located in but a single copy. No edition located in Rebiun. Jisc locates a Seville, 1834 12° edition at Wellcome Library.

9. *El Colegial al Pensador sobre elecciones de electores.* Mexico: Oficina de Don Alejandro Valdés, 1820. 4°, modern marbled boards with paper label on front cover. Caption title. Several tiny wormholes in blank inner margin. Overall in good to very good condition. (2 ll.). \$700.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION? The anonymous royalist author expresses complete confidence in the Constitution and Ferdinand VII in this reply to a work by Fernandez de Lizardi, "El Pensador Mexicano."

* Medina, *Mexico* 11639. Steele & Costeloe p. 19. Sutro p. 143. Not located in CCPBE. Not located in Josiah. Not located in Library of Congress Online Catalogue. Not located in Hollis. Not in Orbis. Not in Catnyp. Melvyl cites copies at Berkeley and NRLF. UTNetCat



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cites a copy at the Benson Latin American Collection, University of Texas. KVK cites a copy in the British Library, and a microform copy held by the Register of Preservation Surrogates. Not located in *NUC*.

Rare Printing from Celaya (Guanajuato) Opposing the Anti-Clerical Reforms of Benito Juarez and Helping Priests Bring Those Who Have Strayed Back to the Fold

10. COSTA, Juan Natividad [or Jean-Nativité Costa, or Jean-Noël Costa; and others]. *Manual de Misioneros y protestas y circulares de Illm^o Sr. Obispo de Michoacan.* 3 parts in 1 volume. Celaya: Reimpreso por Guillermo Galvan, 1859. 4^o, contemporary dark brown straight-grain morocco, gilt ruled and roll-tooled border on covers, flat spine with gilt bands and short title (minor wear). Elaborately designed title page with multiple fonts and flourishes. First printed title page browned at edges; light dampstain at lower edge. Overall in good to very good condition. (1 blank, 1 l.), 236 pp., (3 ll. *indice*, 1 blank l.), 93 pp., (1 blank, 1 l. *indice*, 1 blank ll.), 31 pp. *3 parts in 1 volume.* \$500.00

First edition in this form (?) of a compendium produced by the Church during the struggle between Conservatives and Liberals in mid-nineteenth-century Mexico. The Catholic Church hierarchy was struggling to defend its rights against attempts by the Liberals to limit its powers. It is unclear whether this volume has the same contents as Palau 184651 (*Defensa eclesiástica en el obispado de Michoacan desde fines de 1855 hasta principios de 1858 o sea colección de representaciones y protestas, comunicaciones oficiales, circulares y decretos diocesanos*); but that volume certainly does not include Costa's *Manual de misioneros*.

The Manual de misioneros is a translation of a guidebook written when priests were working to reestablish Catholicism in France after the French Revolution, ca. 1801. It includes much advice on matters that would have been of concern to Mexican prelates, e.g., how to cope in a diocese where the higher levels of the Church hierarchy are not present, how to act when the residents detest the Catholic priests, how to deal with those who refuse to come back to the fold, how to deal with priests who have sworn an oath to a secular government, who has the right to absolve those accused of heresy, how to deal with those who have received property confiscated from the Church, how to care for reliquaries and other sacred objects, and what the first steps should be in instructing people about Catholicism. The printed title for this part is Manual de misioneros, o ensayo sobre la conducta que pueden proponerse observar los sacerdotes llamados al restablecimiento de la religion en Francia. Obra postuma de ... traducido al castellano por D.P.V.C. Presbitero. Segunda edicion mejicana. Jean-Noël Nativité's Manuel des missionnaires, ou, Essai sur la conduite que peuvent se proposer de tenir les prêtres appelés à travailler au rétablissement de la religion catholique en France, originally published in Rome, 1801, was published in Spanish translation (apparently always by the same P.V.C.) at Palma, 1813 (OCLC 807537589, 3 copies); Barcelona, 1823 (804352839, 1 copy); Mexico, 1829 (255596519, 1 copy); and Madrid, 1839 (25121042, 3 copies).

The title page for the second part (with elaborate typography and ornaments, like the volume's main title page) is *Protestas y pastorales del Y.S. Obispo de Michoacan.* It includes a response by Bishop Clemente de Jesus Munguia and his Cabildo to the expropriation of ecclesiastical property in June 1856, with a long section on the origin of the Church's property ownership and how it is administered. Eleven other documents,

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the latest issued in January 1859, make further protests to the government, refusing to confirm the Constitution of 1857, refusing Catholic burials for those who have sworn to uphold it, and so on.

The title page for the third part is: Suplemento. Manifestacion que hacen al venerable clero y fieles de sus respectivas diócesis y á todo el mundo católico, los Illmos. Sres. Arzobispo de México y Obispos de Michoacan, Linares, Guadalajara y el Potosí, y el Sr. Dr. D. Francisco Serrano, como representante de la mitra de Puebla, en defensa del clero y de la doctrina catolica con ocasion del manifiesto y los decretos expedidos por el Sr. Lic. D. Benito Juarez en la Ciudad de Veracruz en los dias 7, 12, 13 y 23 de Julio de 1859. In this letter dated 30 August 1859, Archbishop of Mexico D. Lazaro de la Garza y Ballesteros, along with Bishop of Michoacán Clemente de Jesus Munguia and several other prominent clergy vehemently oppose the decrees issued by Benito Juarez in Veracruz in July 1859, which included the nationalization of Church property and a law permitting civil marriage. These events were part of the Reform War (Guerra de Reforma) of 1857-1861, during which the Liberals under Benito Juarez, among others, attempted to restrict the power of the Church and military, particularly by stripping the Church of its rights, powers, and property.

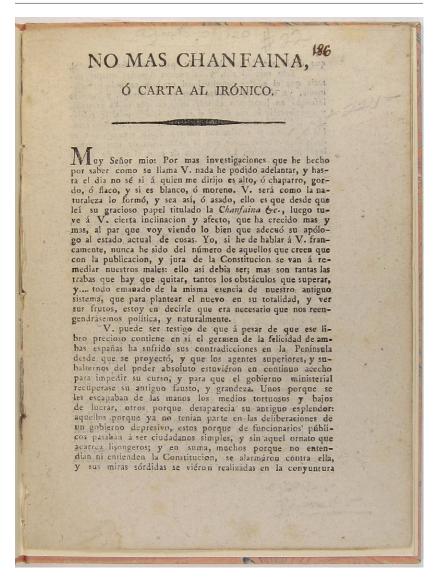
Celaya is in the province of Guanajuato, Mexico, some 200 km. northwest of Mexico City. The only earlier Celaya imprints listed in OCLC are two devotional works printed by Mariano Oñate in 1845.

* For Costa's *Manual*, cf. Palau 63644 (editions of Palma 1813, Barcelona 1823, and Madrid 1830); for Munguia, cf. Palau 184651 (a 2-volume collection of his works from 1855 to 1858, Mexico, 1858) and 184656 (sermons plus documents defending the Church, Mexico 1864). Not located in *Bibliotheca Mejicana*. See Callcott, *Church and State in Mexico 1822-1857*, chapter XII. *NUC*: TxU. OCLC: 19992196 (3 parts, "various pagings," Arizona State University, University of California-Santa Cruz, Catholic University of America, University of Texas-Austin); 48301932 (3 parts, "pag. irreg.," El Colegio de Mexico); 651381393 (3 parts, without collation, Biblioteca Nacional de Mexico); 18946089 is the first part only (236 pp., San Jacinto Museum of History, University of Texas-San Antonio, University of Wisconsin-Madison); 651184869 is the second part only (93 pp., University of Texas-San Antonio); 18946549 is the third part only (31 pp., University of Texas-San Antonio, University of Wisconsin-Madison); 651184861 is the third part only (31 pp., Biblioteca Nacional de Mexico). Not located in Jisc. This edition not located in Melvyl, which has other works by Munguia.

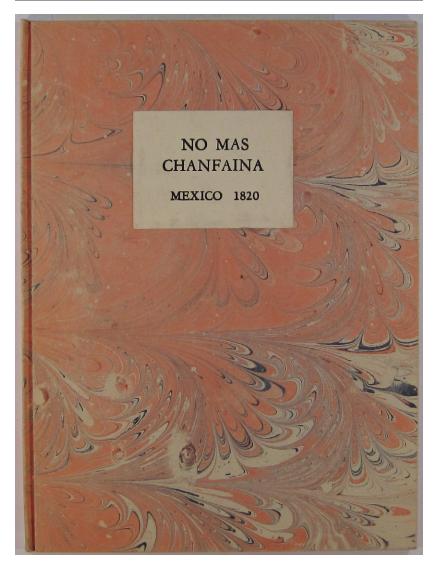
11. [FERNANDEZ DE LIZARDI, José Joaquin, possible author]. *No mas chanfaina, o carta al Irónico*. Mexico: Imprenta de Don Alejandro Valdés, 2 Aug. 1820. 4°, modern marbled boards with paper label on front cover. In good to very good condition. 8 pp. \$800.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION? Calls for the rectification of certain inequities in provincial representation. It is a reply to Juan Francisco Azcárate y Lezama's *La chanfaina sequita: Carta al Pensador Mexicano. NUC* attributes the work to Fernandez Lizardi, "El Pensador Mexicano."

* Medina, *Mexico* 11748. Sutro p. 146. Not in Steele & Costeloe. Not located in CCPBE. Not located in Rebiun. KVK locates the British Library copy only. Not in Library of Congress Online Catalog. Not in Josiah. Not in Catnyp. Not in Hollis. Not in UTNetCat. Melvyl locates a copy in the Bancroft Library. *NUC*: InU, CtY.



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Item 11

12. FERNANDEZ DE URIBE, Joseph Patricio. *Elogio Fúnebre del Exmô. Señor D. Matías de Galvez, García, Madrid y Cabrera, Teniente General de los Reales Exércitos, Virey, Gobernador y Capitan General del Reyno de Nueva España, y Presidente de su Real Audiencia &c. Que predicó en la Santa Eglesia Catedral de México El Sr. Dr. y Mrô. Don Joseph Patricio Fernandez de Uribe, Canógo Penitenciario de la misma Santa Iglesia, y Catedrático de Retórica en la Real y Pontificia Universiadad.* [Mexico: En la nueva Imprenta Mexicana de Don Felipe de Zúñiga y Ontiveros, calle del Espíritu Santo, 1785]. Folio (26.8 x 17.9 cm.), disbound. Typographical headpiece. Two large woodcut initials. Woodcut tailpiece. Very good condition. (1 l.), 42 pp. Apparently the final section of a work whose full collation should be [4], 31, [3], 21, [3], 42 pp., engraved title. Collation by signatures of the complete work should be $[\pi]^2$ [A]² B-2B² 2C¹. Our copy begins with P2.

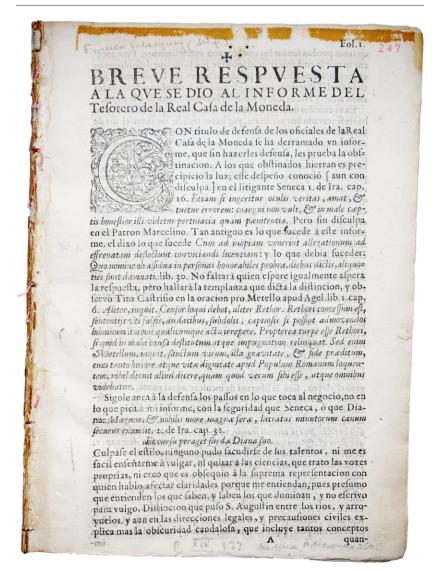
FIRST and ONLY EDITION. The full work, of which we have only the final section, is titled Solemnes exêquias del Exmô. Señor D. Matías de Galvez, García, Madrid y Cabrera, Teniente General de los reales exércitos, Virey, Gobernador y Capitan General del Reyno de Nueva España, y Presidente de su real audiencia, &c.: celebradas en la Santa Iglesia Catedral de la Imperial Corte Mexicana en los dias IV y V de Marzo de M.DCC. LXXXV: dispuestas por sus albaceas testamentarios. It includes poetry, and "Oratio in funere Mathiae Galvezii ... habita in templo maximo Mexici iv. Non. Mart. ann. MDC-CLXXXXV a Josepho Maria Garcia Bravo"

* Palau 89821. Medina, *México* 7566. OCLC: 55249429; 17381139. CCPBE locates a single copy of the full work, but apparently lacking leaves A1-2, at the Faculdad de Teologia of the Seminario Diocesano, Vitoria. Not located in Rebiun. Josiah cites microfilm copies only in the Hay and Rockefeller libraries. WorldCat locates a hard copy at the Biblioteca Nacional de Chile. Jisc locates a copy of the complete work at the British Library. Melvyl locates a copy at the Bancroft Library. There is a copy in the Benson Collection of the University of Texas. Not located in Hollis. Not located in Orbis, which cites several other works by the author.

Dispute at the Mexican Mint By a Native of Mexico

13. FRANCO VELAZQUEZ, Diego. *Breve respuesta a la que se dio al informe del Tesorero de la Real Casa de la Moneda.* (Mexico?): , ca. 1666-1683?. Folio (27.5 x 19.5 cm.), disbound. Woodcut initial. Caption title. Pinpoint wormhole through text, touching a letter on most pages; second wormhole in margin, without loss; lower edge of F2 cropped, with part of signature and catchword lost; tape stains in top margin of first leaf, minor staining to final leaf, not affecting text. In good condition overall. (20 ll.). \$3,000.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION? Deals with a dispute over whether the Tesorero of the Casa de la Moneda of Mexico had the right to fire any of its employees. This is a



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point-by-point rebuttal by Velazquez of a work that had attacked one of his earlier writings on the subject. Velazquez seems to have written at least two other works on this matter, both without a date of publication: *Alegacion por el Dr. D. Agustin Franco de Toledo sobre el oficio de tallador mayor de la Casa de Moneda, que fue de sus abuelos* (Medina, *Mexico* 1887); and *Alegacion en favor del derecho que tiene el superintendente de la Casa de Moneda para remover a los empleados en ella* (cf. Beristain de Souza II, 300).

Velazquez, a native of Mexico, received his degree in law in 1666, and went on to become a noted lawyer of the Audiencia de Mexico. He served as advisor to five successive viceroys, and wrote over 6,000 judicial briefs, many of which were printed. In 1683 he became a priest, and was named curé of the Cathedral of Mexico in 1689. This work was presumably written while he was a practicing lawyer, between 1666 and 1683.

*Gonzalez de Cossio, *510 Adiciones* 250: with illustration of first leaf. Not in Beristain de Souza; cf. II, 300. Not in Palau. Not located in *NUC*. OCLC: 1097830112 (Universidad Autonoma de Puebla); 1149392137 (Indiana University). Not located in CCPBE. Not located in Jisc. Not located in KVK (51 databases searched). Not located in Melvyl. Not located in Josiah.

Holy Jubilee in Mexico

14. GARZA Y BALLESTEROS, Lázaro de la. Edicto del Exmo. é Illmo. Sr. Arzobispo Dr. D. Lázaro de la Garza y Ballesteros, para la publicacion del Santo Jubileo, concedido por N. S. P. el Sr. Pio IX. Mexico: Imprenta de J. M. Lara, 1854. 4°, disbound. In good to very good condition. 21 pp., (1 blank l.) \$150.00

FIRST EDITION. Announces a Holy Jubilee for the first three months of 1855. Among the dozen rules set out for its observance in Mexico (pp. 15-21) is the requirement that no beggars be allowed at the doors of churches or inside them, "que no molesten ni turben á los que ocurran á cumplir con las visitas."

D. [José] Lazaro de la Garza y Ballesteros (Ojo de Agua en Valle de Pilón, Nuevo León, 1785-Barcelona, 1862), from illustrious families of Northern Mexico, with a doctorate in canon law, Bishop of Sonora in 1837, served as Archbishop of Mexico from 1850 to 1862. He strongly opposed the "Leyes de Reforma" which constituted a part of the Mexican federal constitution of 1857, an opposition which led to the Guerra de Reforma.

* Catalogue of Mexican Pamphlets in the Sutro Collection, p. 895. Not in Palau, which lists six other works by this author. OCLC: 776512445 and 432788958 (both Biblioteca Nacional de España); 248352463 (Staats und Universitatsbibliothek Hamburg); 778691317 is digitized; 22842721 and 837932382 microfiche. Not located in Jisc.

15. HOLANDA, Sérgio Buarque de. *Raices del Brasil*. Trans. Ernestina de Champourcin. Mexico & Buenos Aires: Fondo de Cultura Economica, 1955. Large 8°, original orange printed wrappers (some small nicks at top edge). Title page printed in brown and black. Internally in fine condition; overall very good. 182 pp., (2 ll.) \$15.00

16. [HOSPITALS]. Primera Secretaria de Estado. Departamento del Interior. El Exmo. Sr. Presidente de los Estados-Unidos Mexicanos se ha servido dirigirme el decreto due sigue. "El Presidente de los Estados-Unidos Mexicanos, á los habitantes de la República, sabed: que el Congreso general ha decretado lo siguiente. Art. 1.º El Gobierno entrará en posesion de los bienes nacionales situados en el Distrito, y que posee [Mexico]: n.pr., May 22, 1833. Folio (29.5 x 20.5 cm.), unbound. In very fine condition. Bifolio, printed on first leaf recto only. \$150.00

The government claims the property of the Duque de Monteleone (a descendant of Hernan Cortés). The income from the property is to be used for public schools and the Hospital de S. Andrés. The original decree was issued by Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna; this version is signed in print "Garcia" (Cárlos Garcia).

* Not located in Jisc.

17. *Instrucciones para el jubileo universal de el año 1830. Con varias oraciones para antes y despues de la Confesion y Comunion, visitas de las iglesias y práctica de las diligencias que prescribe su Santidad. Sacado del libro titulado Jubileo del año santo.* Mexico: Imprenta de Galvan, 1830. 16°, early plain wrappers (wrappers dog-eared and dampstained). Title page within typographical border. Full-page woodcut of Mary Magdalen on verso of title page. Relatively light foxing throughout. Dampstains from front wrapper continuing to first leaf. A few other light dampstains. Overall in very good condition. 64 pp. \$200.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION.

* Not located in Palau. OCLC: 665170982 (Texas A&M University). Not located in the online Patrimonio Bibliográfiico Mexicano: Catálogo Colectivo de Fundos Antigos. Not located in CCPBE. Not located in Rebiun. Not located in Jisc. Not located in SMU online catalogue, which lists a similar work of 1854.

18. LABASTIDA Y DAVALOS, Pelagio Antonio de. *Carta pastoral que el Illmo. Sr. Dr. D. Pelagio A. de Labastida y Davalos dirige el venerable clero y fieles del Arzobispado de Mexico con motivo su promocion á aquella Archidiócesis.* Puebla: Tipografia de Pedro Alarcon y Ca., 1863. 4°, disbound, lower board still attached, upper board and spine present. Final line on a few pages shaved, but still legible. Good condition. From the library of Sir Thomas Phillipps, with initials "MHC" on the pastedown of the upper board. 28 pp. \$300.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION.

Provenance: Sir Thomas Phillipps, 1st Baronet (1792-1872) was an English antiquary and book collector who amassed the largest collection of manuscript material in the

19th century, due to his severe condition of bibliomania. He was an illegitimate son of a textile manufacturer and inherited a substantial estate, which he spent almost entirely on vellum manuscripts, and, when out of funds, borrowed heavily to buy manuscripts, thereby putting his family deep into debt. Phillipps began his collecting while still at Rugby and continued at Oxford. Eventually he acquired some 40,000 printed books and 60,000 manuscripts, arguably the largest collection a single individual has created, and coined the term "vello-maniac" to describe his obsession. A.N.L. Munby notes that he spent perhaps between two hundred thousand and a quarter of a million pounds, altogether four or five thousand pounds a year, while accessions came in at the rate of forty or fifty a week. He was an assiduous cataloguer who established the Middle Hill Press (named after his country seat at Broadway, Worcestershire) in 1822 not only to record his book holdings but also to publish his findings in English topography and genealogy. Ultimately, the dispersal of his collection took over 100 years. A five-volume history of the collection and its dispersal, *Phillipps Studies*, by A. N. L. Munby was published between 1951 and 1960.

* OCLC: 10963780 (gives seven locations, including Hathitrust Digital Library; we believe only University of Wisconsin-Madison, and University of California-Berkeley [Bancroft Library] are hard copies). Not located in CCPBE. Not located in Rebiun. Not located in Jisc.

19. LE RIVEREND, Julio. *Los orígenes de la economía cubana (1510-1600).* Mexico: Colegio de Mexico, Centro de Estudios Sociales, 1945. Jornadas, 46. 4°, original printed wrappers. Unopened. In very good condition. 75 pp., (1, 1 blank ll.). \$12.00

Archbishop of Mexico: How to Behave During Lent

20. LIZANA Y BEAUMONT, Francisco Xavier. *Carta pastoral que el Ilustrisimo Señor don Francisco Xavier de Lizana y Beaumont, del Consejo de S. M. Arzobispo de Mexico, dirige á sus Diocesanos sobre el modo de santificar el tiempo de Quaresma*. [Mexico]: En la Oficina de Doña Maria Fernandez de Jauregui, issued February 2, 1809. 4°, disbound. Clean and crisp. In good to very good condition. 27 pp. \$400.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION. The Archbishop of Mexico advises his flock on how to behave during Lent, with particular attention to fasting, penitence, and holy works.

Francisco Xavier Lizana y Beaumont (La Rioja, 1750-Mexico City, 1815) was appointed bishop of Teruel (Aragon) in 1801 and soon afterwards was named archbishop of Mexico. He arrived there in early 1803 and held the position until his death. Fom July 19, 1809 to May 8, 1810, he was viceroy of New Spain.

This pastoral letter was issued on February 2, 1809. Later that month, the Junta de Aranjuez named him interim viceroy of Mexico. He recruited provincial militia and imported arms from Great Britain, as well as making a substantial contribution to the war against Napoleon in Spain. Although he was not pro-independence, he did not take

vigorous action against those who were. In May 1810, the Junta replaced him as viceroy on pretense of his advanced age. His works include *Carta pastoral que el Exmo. e. Illmo. Señor Dr. D. Francisco Xavier de Lizana y Beaumont, dirige á sus fieles súbditos sobre la falsedad de las promesas de Napoleon y su hermano Josef,* Mexico, 1810.

* Medina, *México* 10268. Palau 139192: giving the title as "Carta que dirige a sus diocesanos sobre la Cuaresma," with 27 pp. OCLC: 21944285 (University of California-Berkeley, John Carter Brown Library, Texas A&M University, University of Texas-Austin, Biblioteca Nacional de Chile); 561385361 (British Library); microfiche copies: 22697102 (Yale University), 756942153 (New Mexico State University), and 836896014 (Ibero-Amerikanisches Institut). Jisc repeats British Library. Not located in CCPBE, which cites a number of other pastoral letters by this author.

21. LOEWENBERG, Bert James. Historical Writing in American Culture, I [all published]. Mexico: Instituto Panamericano de Geografia e Historia, 1968. Inst. Panamericano de Geografia e Historia, publ. 301; Comision de Historia 114; Historiografias VIII.8°, original printed wrappers (slightly darkened). Overall in fine condition. (6 ll.), 345 pp.

\$35.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION. Deals with historians of the area that became the United States.

22. MARQUEZ STERLING, Manuel. *Las conferencias del Shoreham. (El cesarismo en Cuba.)* Mexico: Ediciones Botas, 1933. 8°, slightly later blue-gray buckram, author and title on spine in gilt, double gilt fillets at head and foot, original printed wrappers bound in, two silk ribbon place markers. Very good condition. Binder's dark blue on silver oblong ticket 1.7 x 3.5 cm. with rounded edges in lower inner corner of rear free endleaf of "Ginesta Bookbinding Corp. // 49-55 West 27th St., Room 402-403 // New York, N.Y. 10001 // Tel. 689-3866". vii, 270 pp., (1 l.), errata overslip (2.1 x 14.5 cm.) on verso of final leaf. \$20.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION.

Treatment for Measles in Zacatecas, 1836

23. [MEASLES]. *Metodo Curativo del Sarampion, acordado por la junta de facultativos convocada al efecto en la capital del departamento de Zacatecas.* [Zacatecas]: Imprenta del Gobierno, 1836. Broadside (31 x 21 cm.), unbound. In fine condition. (1 l.). \$250.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION. Sets out symptoms and progress of measles, followed by treatment.

 \ast OCLC: 888346323 (National Library of Medicine). Not located in CCPBE. Not located in Rebiun. Not located in Jisc.

24. MEXICO, Museo Nacional de Antropologia. *Gold from Peru. [Catalogue of an exhibition held December 6, 1973, to March 6, 1974.]* Mexico: Museo Nacional de Antropologia, 1973. Oblong 4° (21.4 x 24 cm.), original illustrated wrappers (minor wear, short tear). In good to very good condition. (80 pp.), well illustrated, many illustrations in color. Text in English and Spanish. ISBN: none. \$20.00

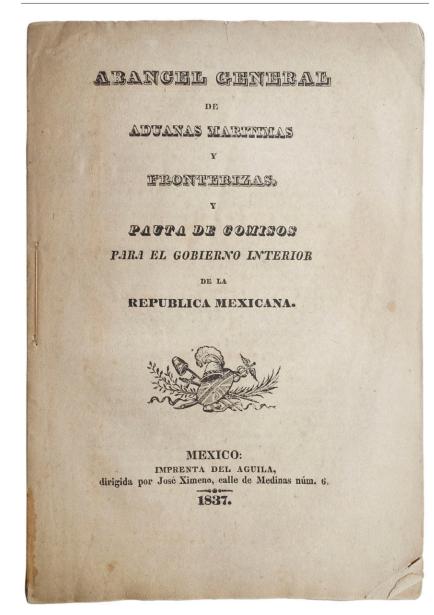
The text covers Peruvian goldwork from 800 B.C. to A.D. 1500.

* Not in Watsonline.

25. [MEXICO. Biblioteca Nacional]. *Inauguración de la Biblioteca Nacional de México. April 2 de 1884.* Introduction by J.M. Vigil. Poems by Guillermo Prieto and Rafael López de Mendoza. Oration about libraries by Joaquin Blengio. Symphonic hymn by Gustavo E. Campa. Mexico: Imprenta de Ireneo Paz, 1884. 8°, later brown cloth, smooth spine with short-title lettered gilt. In very good condition. Lithographed frontispiece, xx, 75 pp., (1 blank l.), (1), 24 pp. Quire 8 mistakenly signed as 9. \$100.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION.

* Palau 118796: calling for xx, 75 pp., 34 pp., 1 lám. Not located in NUC.



Item 26

Mexican Imports and Exports Including the Port of Monterey in California Separate Decrees Relating to Trade in Yucatan

26. [MEXICO]. Arancel General de aduanas maritimas y fronterizas, y pauta de comisos para el Gobierno Interior de la Republica Mexicana. Mexico: Imprenta del Aguila, 1837. 4°, original printed rear wrapper (spine and front wrapper gone), stitched. Woodcut vignette on title page. Some foxing and light browning. In good to very good condition. 79 pp.

\$1,500.00

FIRST EDITION of these decrees of September 19 and 20, 1836, relating to customs duties and tariffs for all Mexican imports and exports. Regulations concerning trade in all goods, from tea, coffee, tobacco and other comestibles to musical instruments and printed works. The following ports in particular are recognized for trade: Sisal, Campeche, Tabasco, Varacruz, Santa Anna de Tamaulipas, Matamores, Acapulco, San Blas, Guaymas in the Gulf of Mexico, and **Monterey in California**. Two separate decrees relate to trade in Yucatan. Among the list of prohibited imports are buttons stamped with the national arms of Spain, playing cards, and children's games. Also included are rates of exchange for Mexican pesos with various international currencies.

* Sabin 48283. This edition not located in Palau; cf. 14779 for a Veracruz 1837 edition, with 42 pp. Not located in *NUC*. OCLC: 562555361 (British Library); 20177372 (San Francisco Public Library, University of California-Berkeley, Library of Congress). Jisc locates the British Library copy only. CCPBE cites a Barcelona edition of the same year, with 62 pp., locating only a single copy in the Biblioteca Nacional-Madrid. Rebuin cites the Veracruz 1837 edition of 42 pp. in a single copy, at the Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona. Not located in KVK (51 databases searched). Not located in Hollis. Orbis locates a copy in the Beinecke Library. Not located in the University of Texas online catalog. Melvyl locates a single copy, in the California State Library, as well as the Barcelona 1837 edition in the same institution.

Includes Names of Deputies from Texas, New Mexico, as well as "Antigua" and "Nueva" California

27. [MEXICO]. Lista de los Señores Diputados designados por S.M.I. para que compongan la Junta que ha de substituir al extinguido Congreso, conforme al Decreto Imperial de 31 del último Octubre. [Colophon] Mexico: Imprenta Imperial, signed 1 November 1822. Folio (31 x 21 cm.), unbound. Caption title. Horizontal foldline, creased at one edge, small hole in margin, but overall in fine condition. On verso, name added in ink manuscript in a contemporary hand ("S.D. Jacinto Rubi" [?]). (1 1., printed on both sides). \$1,800.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION [?]. This list of deputies designated by Iturbide to form a Junta to replace the Mexican Congress he had dissolved on October 31, 1822 includes

LISTA
de los Señores Diputados designados por S. M. I.
para que compongan la Junta que ha de substituir
al extinguido Congreso, conforme al Decreto Im-
perial de 31 del último Octubre.
MÉXICO. Sr. D. Joaquín Roman. Sr. Marqués de Rayas.
PUEBLA. Sr. D. Luis Mendizabal. Sr. D. Francisco Paig.
QUERÉTARO. Sr. D. Juan Nepomuceno Mier y Altamirano,
TLAXCALA. Sr. D. Miguel Guridi y Alcocer.
VALLADOLID. Sr. D. Francisco Argandar. Sr. D. Antonio Aguilar.
OAJACA; Sr. D. Antonio Morales de Ibañez.
GUANAJUATO. Sr. D. Francisco Uraga. Sr. D. Antonio Mier y Villagomez.
VERACRUZ, Sr. D. José Ignacio Esteva, \$r. D. José María Becerra,
GUADALAJARA. Sr. D. Toribio Gonzalez. Sr. D. Mariano Mendiola
DURANGO. Illmô. Sr. Marqués de Castañiza, Sr. D. Francisco Velasco.
POTOSÍ. Sr. D. Ramon Estevan Martinez de los Rios. Sr. D. Pascual de Aranda.
ZACATECAS. Sr. D. Agustin de Iriarte. Sr. D. José María Bocanegra.
SONORA Y SINALOA. Sr. D. Cárlos Espinosa de los Monteros. Sr. D. Antonio Iriarte.

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representatives from areas that became part of the United States: Texas, New Mexico, Antigua and Nueva California. Also listed are deputies from the other Mexican states and from Guatemala, Nicaragua and Honduras. Some of the deputies were or became well known, for example: P. Refugio de la Garza (from San Antonio, Texas); Lorenzo de Zavala (representing Yucatan, later interim vice president of Texas), the Marques de San Juan de Rayas (José Mariano de Sardaneta y Llorente, from Mexico), and Miguel Guridi y Alcocer (Tlaxcala).

During the Mexican War of Independence, Agustín Cosme Damián de Iturbide y Arámburu (1783-1824), also known as Augustine I of Mexico, built a coalition of supporters among liberals, landed nobility, and the clergy that allowed him to take control of Mexico City in September 1821. In late 1821 he became president of the Regency, and the following May named himself constitutional emperor of Mexico. Iturbide's dismissal of the Congress in October 1822 (referred to in the caption of this work), in favor of a hand-picked junta that would answer only to him, led to the revolution under Guadalupe Victoria and López de Santa Anna that ultimately resulted in Iturbide's abdication in March 1823.

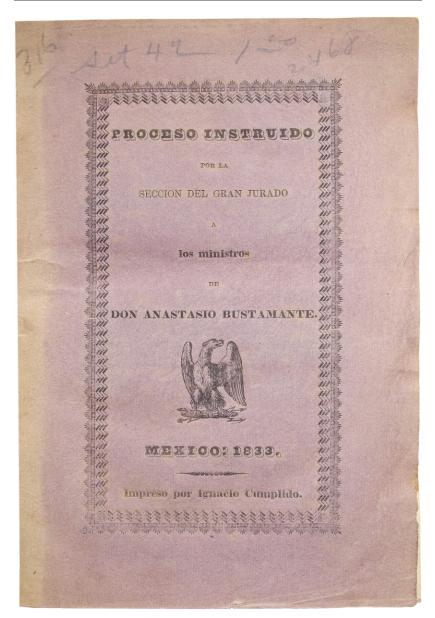
* Not located in Sutro. Not located in Steele & Costeloe. OCLC: 562568539 (British Library); 244794714 (University of North Texas). Not located in Josiah. Jisc repeats British Library only.

Santa Anna Sets out to Bolster his Position

28. [MEXICO]. Proceso instructivo formado por la Seccion del Gran Jurado de la Camara de Diputados del Congreso General, en averiguacion de los delitos de que fueron acusados los ex-ministros D. Lucas Alaman, D. Rafael Mangino, D. Jose Antonio Facio y D. Jose Ignacio Espinosa. Mexico: Ignacio Cumplido, 1833. 4°, later black cloth, plain smooth spine, rear hinge split (light wear, remains of 2 paper labels), original purple printed front wrapper bound in. Wood-engraved vignette. A few leaves lightly browned, 2 marginal tears without loss, otherwise clean and crisp. Overall in good to very good condition. (2 11.), 255 pp., (3 11.).

FIRST and ONLY EDITION of this official record of the inquiry into the alleged crimes of four former Mexican government ministers. Following his election to the Mexican presidency in March of 1833, General Santa Anna set out to bolster his position by discrediting four prominent members of the previous government, all of whom were widely believed to be responsible for the execution of the populist General Guerrero in 1831. The four were consequently accused and subjected to a government inquiry. Printed here are hundreds of documents relating to the inquiry and the ministers' conduct during the years 1830-1832.

* Palau 238085. Sabin 65925.



Item 28

SPECIAL LIST 543



Item 29

Includes Laws that Governed the Southwestern United States

29. [MEXICO]. Collection of Mexican constitutions and laws. Unusual and interesting collection of 34 works in 29 volumes, mostly constitutions and laws from Mexico and its component states, plus a few essays on related subjects. Dates range from 1821 to 1868, with three-quarters of the items printed in or before 1831. 34 works in 29 volumes. : , 1821-1868. , Nearly all are in very fine condition; half a dozen or so show some soiling or dampstaining. 34 works in 29 volumes. \$90,000.00

The collection includes pieces printed at Mérida de Yucatán, Durango, Puebla, Ciudad Victoria, Chihuahua, Tlapam, Tabasco, San Luis Potosí, Ures, Jalapa, Saltillo and Tlaxcala. Such provincial printing from Mexico is quite rare. Of these works 17 are not in *NUC* and six more are cited at only one or two locations. Only five (four in copies inferior to those offered here) appeared in the celebrated Streeter sale—Streeter presumably would have been interested in all, or virtually all, of the items present in our collection, given his strong interest in Mexico, Texas and the Southwest.

The constitutions and legislation for the Federal Republic of Mexico also applied to much of the southwestern United States (California, Nevada, Arizona, New Mexico, Utah, Colorado, Texas) until Texas declared its independence in 1836 and Mexico ceded the area north of the Rio Grande following the Mexican-American War, 1846-1848. The states of Chihuahua, Sonora and Tamaulipas included present-day United States territory. The 1829 *Leyes y decretos del honorable congreso segundo constitucional del estado de Chihuahua*, for example, decreed relief for flood victims in El Paso (Texas). And the 1848 *Mensage del ciudadano General Francisco Vital Fernandez* describes not only the loss of Laredo to the United States, but also the ravages inflicted on Tamaulipas by American forces and, after war's end, by American outlaws.

The dates of the constitutions and laws in this collection are as follow: Mexican Empire, 1821; Federal Republic of Mexico, 1823, 1824, 1824; Chihuahua, 1829, 1830, 1831, 1832; Coahuila, 1852; Durango, 1825, 1828, 1857; Guanajuato, 1826, 1828?; Mexico (State of), 1830; Oajaca, 1824; Puebla, 1825; Querétaro, 1825; San Luís Potosí, 1835; Sonora, 1848; Tabasco, 1831; Tamaulipas, 1825, 1848, 1848; Tlaxcala, 1868; Veracruz, 1848; Yucatán, 1823, 1824.

Also included in the collection are the first Mexican printing of the Constitution of the United States, 1823; two essays extolling the benefits of republican government in Mexico, both printed in Mexico, 1826; a translation by Juan Antonio Llorente of a collection of political aphorisms, Mexico 1822; Tadeo Ortiz de Ayala's *Resumen de la estadistica del imperio Mexicano*, Mexico 1822; and *Proyecto de una contribución nacional para engrosar y mantener la lacienda pública del Imperio Mexicano*, Mexico 1822.

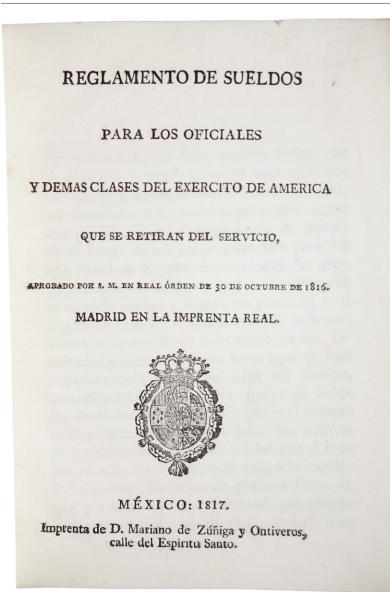
Further details are available upon request.

* Not located in OCLC. Not located in Melvyl.

30. [MEXICO]. Victoria de los serviles, y honrosa retirada del partido liberal. Puebla: Imprenta Liberal, 1820. 4°, modern wrappers, blue-green embossed with silver. Caption title. First leaf reinforced at gutter and stapled. Clean and crisp. 4 pp. \$800.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION? The anonymous author, a liberal partisan, attacks the apathy and resistance toward the reproclamation of the Spanish Constitution and the call for elections in 1820. The 1812 Constitution, at one time suspended and then abolished,





Item 31

was restored as a result of the liberal rebellion against D. Fernando VII in Spain. Many of the Mexican reactionaries feared that Creole rule would mean an end to Church power and introduction of freedom of the press. An interesting account of Mexican politics on the eve of Iturbide's rise to power.

* Medina, *Puebla* 1823. Steele & Costeloe p. 79. Sutro p. 183. Not in Palau or Sabin. *NUC*: CtY.

Wages of Retired Military Officers Who Served in the Americas

31. [MEXICO. Imprint]. *Reglamento de sueldos para los oficiales y demas clases del exercito de America que se retiran del servicio …* Mexico: Imprenta de D. Mariano de Zúñiga y Ontiveros, 1817. 4°, old (contemporary?) plain beige wrappers. Woodcut royal Spanish arms on title page. Tables in text. In very good to fine condition. 11 pp. \$800.00

First Mexican Edition, reprinted from the original Madrid: Imprenta Real, 1816 edition, of regulations regarding the wages for retiring military officers who had seen service in America. The work includes a chart with the pay scale for the various ranks of officers, depending on years of service, and with stipulations regarding various special circumstances under which military service has been discontinued that may affect pensions.

* Palau 255786, calling [in error?] for a title page followed by 26 pp., without citing any copy. Not located in Medina *Mexico* or Sabin. OCLC: 19830241 (Huntington Library, University of California-Berkeley, University of California-Los Angeles, Indiana University, University of Texas-Austin); 651380271 (Biblioteca Nacional de Mexico). Not located in Jisc. This edition not located in CCPBE (which lists the Madrid 1816 edition at two locations, and an undated Madrid: Imprenta Real edition at three locations). Hollis lists an incomplete copy of the Madrid 1816 edition. Library of Congress Online Catalog lists the Madrid 1816 edition. Orbis lists a microform copy of the Madrid 1816 edition. Not located in Josiah.

Jubilee in Mexico for a Short-Lived Pope

32. [MEXICO CITY, Archdiocese of.] Edicto del Presidente y Cabildo Metropolitano Gobernador del Arzobispado. Signed in print by Joaquin Ladron de Guevara, José María Bucheli, Juan Manuel Irisarri, Manuel Mendiola, Pedro Gonzalez Mexico: Imprenta del ciudadano Alejandro Valdés, 1830. 4°, disbound. Elaborate typographical border on title page. Clean and crisp. In good to very good condition. 20 pp. \$150.00

FIRST EDITION of this proclamation by the Archdiocese of Mexico City, with a translation of the Bull of Pope Pius VIII (1829) announcing a jubilee upon the occasion of his elevation to the pontificate. Pages 15-20 give details on how the jubilee is to be celebrated in Mexico City. A reprint appeared in Mexico, 1841. Pope Pius VIII died on November 30, 1830.

* Supplement to the Catalogue of Mexican Pamphlets in the Sutro Collection, p. 208 cites the 1830 reprint. Not located in Palau. Jisc locates a copy at British Library. Not located in

CCPBE. Orbis locates a reprint by Alejandro Valdés, 1830 at Sterling Memorial Library, and a Microfiche.

Administering Military Hospitals in Mexico Including Monterey in Alta California, and La Paz in Baja California

33. [MILITARY HOSPITAL]. Secretaria de Guerra y Marina. Seccion Central. Mesa 2a. El Exmo. Presidente interino de la República Mexicana se ha servido dirigirme el decreto que sigue. "El Presidente interino de la República Mexicana, á los habitantes de ella, sabed: Que usando de la facultad con que está autorizado el Supremo Gobierno para reglamentar los Hospitales militares, he decretado el siguiente Reglamento de los Hospitales Militares de la Republica Mexicana Issued at Mexico: , February 11, 1837. Folio (30.5 x 21 cm.), unbound. Caption title with typographical rule. In very fine condition. (2 ll.) \$800.00

FIRST EDITION? Includes provisions for the administrative staff of Mexican military hospitals (first and second class), including Monterey in Alta California, and La Paz in Baja California, and their salaries, the number of the nursing staff and their salaries, and regular inspections.

* OCLC: 205013419 (Huntington Library, University of California-Berkeley, University of California-San Diego, Bio Medical Library-University of Minnesota, DeGolyer Library-Southern Methodist University); 702652612 (Yale University, National Library of Medicine); cf. 956514524 (a similar work printed the same year in Zacatecas, consisting of a single sheet, 44 x 32 cm., at University of California-San Diego).

34. ORTIZ, Jesús. *Defensa de la Carta del Cura del Sagrario de Guadalajara, reimpresa en "La Cruz" el 13 de Agosto, e impugnada en el Apéndice Anónimo que se ha publicado en el "Siglo XIX" el 14 de Noviembre del presente año.* Guadalajara: Tip. de Rodriguez, 1857. 8°, disbound, traces of early blue wrappers. Wood engraved vignette on title page. Typographical headpiece on p. [3]. Short tear at inner margin of title page. Small light stains on title page. In good to very good condition. Signature of Eudíges Quíntero on title page. 71 pp. \$400.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION of this scarce polemical pamphlet printed at Guadalajara dealing with Church-State relations and the Mexican Constitution. The Mexican Constitution of 1857, drafted during the presidency of Ignacio Comonfort, though liberal, retained most of the Roman Catholic Church's Colonial era privileges and revenues, but unlike the earlier constitution, did not mandate that the Catholic Church be the nation's exclusive religion. Moreover, it secularized education, and did away with certain exemptions from the jurisdiction of civil and criminal courts of the clergy and army. Such reforms were unacceptable to the leadership of the clergy and the Conservatives. Comonfort and members of his administration were excommunicated, and a revolt was SECRETARIA DE

COTREA Y MABINA.

Seccion Central .= Mesa 2.ª

En Exmo. Sr. Presidente interino de la República Mexicana se ha

"El Presidente interino de la República Mexicana se na "El Presidente interino de la República Mexicana, á los habi-tantes de ella, sabed: Que usando de la facultad con que está auto-rizado el Supremo Gobierno para reglamentar los Hospitales militares, he decretado el siguiente

REGLAMENTO DE LOS HOSPITALES MILITARES DE LA REPUBLICA MEXICANA.

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then declared, leading to the War of Reform, from December 1857 to January 1861. This civil war became increasingly bloody and polarized the nation's politics. Many of the Moderates came over to the side of the Liberals, convinced that the great political power of the Church needed to be curbed. For some time, the Liberals and Conservatives had their own governments, the Conservatives in Mexico City and the Liberals headquartered in Veracruz. The war ended with Liberal victory, and Liberal president Benito Juárez moved his administration to Mexico City.

* OCLC: 17143793; 2622198. WorldCat locates copies at Harvard University, Library of Congress, University of Georgia, University of Wisconsin-Madison, and University of California-Berkeley. Not located in CCPBE. Not located in Rebiun. Not located in Jisc. Not located in University of Texas online catalogue.

35. OSORIO, Marconi. *La gran negociación Mexico-Estados Unidos*. Segunda edición. Mexico: Ediciones El Caballito, (1982). 8°, original illustrated wrappers. In very good condition. 215, (1) pp. ISBN: 968-6011-404.

\$15.00

36. PEÑA Y PEÑA, Manuel de la. *Manifiesto del Exm^o Sr. Presidente Provisional ... a la Republica Mejicana, publicado à su entrada en la capital del estado soberano de Querétaro el dia 13 de Octubre de 1847. Querétaro: I. de F. Frias, 1847.* 8°, original blue printed wrappers. Woodcut tailpiece. Overall in fine condition. 8 pp. \$300.00

FIRST EDITION. After the Mexican Congress was driven from the capital city by the advance of United States troops, it took refuge in the city of Querétaro, where it continued to hold its sessions until Guadalupe Hidalgo. This important work is the address of the president when he arrived in Querétaro.

* Palau 217560. Bancroft V, 527. Lathrop C. Harper, *Catalog 12, Texas, Mexico & the Southwest,* 365. Eberstadt 150: 132. *NUC*: CtY, CtU. OCLC: 2589014 (New York Public Library, University of Arizona, University of California-Berkeley, University of Connecticut, Yale University, Library of Congress, Boston Public Library, Harvard University, Duke University, University of Pennsylvania, Southern Methodist University, University of Houston, Baylor University, University of Texas-Arlington).

37. PÉREZ DÍAZ, Manuel. *El Español en America. Poema social* Mexico: Imprenta de Ignacio Escalante, 1875.8°, publisher's black quarter morocco over blind stamped cloth boards (some minor wear and fading), spine gilt with slightly raised bands in five compartments, short author and title lettered gilt in second and fourth compartments, other compartments gilt- and blind-tooled, blind-stamped, pink endleaves. Double ruled borders throughout. In very good condition. 127, xxi, 369 pp. Armorial bookplate of Biblioteca Diaz de Escovar. Narciso Diaz de Escovar (Málaga, 1860-Málaga, 1935), writer, lawyer, politician and journalist, formed one of the greatest private libraries of his time, with ca. 47,000 volumes. He wrote *El teatro en Málaga*, and much more, including comic and dramatic plays, poetry, novelas and essays. See Cuevas García, *Diccionario de escritores de Málaga y su provincia*. \$75.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION.

* Palau 220116. NUC: DLC, TxU, NNH, MH.

38. RIVA PALACIO, Mariano. *El C. Mariano Riva Palacio, Governador del Estado de Mexico, a todos sus habitantes, sabed: [text begins] Que en uso de las facultades que me concede el art.* 1.º *de los transitorios de la ley Orgánica electoral, espedida por el Soberano Congresso estraordinario constituyente, y de acuerdo con el Consejo de Estado, he tenido á bien descretar lo siguiente* (Toluca?): n.pr., (1857). 4º, stitched. Caption title. Occasional light browning. Overall in very good condition. 13 pp., (1 blank l.). \$300.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION?

Mariano Riva Palacio (1803-1880), serving for the second of three times as Governor of the State of Mexico (January 26 to July 4, 1857), here decrees 114 articles, many of a basic and quasi-constitutional nature. Born in Mexico City and married to the daughter of General Vicente Guerrero, one of the most prominent leaders of the War for Mexican Independence, he served as a City Councilor for Mexico City (1829), federal congressman (1833), Minister of Justice (1851), Minister of Finance (June-August 1848), and was Governor of the State of Mexico in 1849, 1857, and 1871. He was the lawyer appointed to defend the deposed Emperor Macimilian. His archives are at the University of Texas.

* OCLC: 20582761 (University of California-Berkeley, Duke University Library); 22755147 (Yale University). Not located in University of Texas online catalogue.

39. ROIG DE LEUCHSENRING, Emilio. *13 conclusiones fundamentales sobre la Guerra Libertadora Cubana de 1895.* Mexico: Colegio de Mexico, Centro de Estudos Sociales, 1945. Jornadas, 34. 4°, original printed wrappers. In very good condition. 39, (1) pp. \$12.00

Stay in Your Parish, Educate Your Flock, Bury Your Dead

40. RUBIO Y SALINAS, Manuel Joseph. *Carta Circular del Ilmo. Sr. Dr. D. Manuel Joseph Rubio y Salinas, Arzobispo de Mexico del Consejo de Su Magestad, dirigida a los Jueces Eclesiasticos, y Curas, assi Seculares, como regulares de su Diocesi: sobre la Residencia personal en las Parrochias, Instruccion Christiana, y buen tratamiento que deben dàr à sus Peligreses.* Mexico: Imprenta de la Bibliotheca Mexicana, 1762. 4°, disbound. Holes in last 6 leaves, affecting text, with loss of several words per page; large hole in blank portion of final leaf crudely repaired. Gouged at top margin, with loss of only a few letters on one leaf. Poor condition. Early signature in ink at foot of title-page of Fr. Camilo de Salazar. (11.), 25 pp.

\$100.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION of this letter from the archbishop of Mexico to the clergy serving there. He expresses his grief over the behavior of some of them, and insists that bishops and curates must live in their parishes or suffer penalties. He allows "vacations" if they comply for a year and sets rules for sick leave and family leave.

He also insists that the clergy be there not merely in body, but that they be educating their flocks ("residencia personal, formal, activa, eficaz, y laboriosa," p. 13). For example, they are to personally instruct parishioners old and young in the rudiments of Christianity. The procedure for doing so is set out explicitly; for example, if the ringing of the bell doesn't attract enough of the town's children, the priest must send out sacristans, school teachers, and others to bring the children to the church.

The archbishop's third point (pp. 21-22) is that ecclesiastical judges must not maltreat the Indians under their jurisdiction: they should not be punished with the same severity that is meted out to those thoroughly familiar with Church doctrine.

In a final point, he requires that local clergy not leave bodies unburied pending payment of the usual amount to the parish: "Es cosa de pernicioso exemplo, y escandalosa al Pueblo" (p. 22-23).

Rubio y Salinas (1702-1765) was born in Colmenar, Castilla la Nueva, and held a variety of church posts before being appointed archbishop of Mexico in 1747, a post he held until his death 17 years later.

* Medina, *Mexico* 4795. Beristain y Souza (1883) III, 71-2. OCLC: 19968395 (New York Public Library, University of California-Berkeley, John Carter Brown Library, Texas A&M University, University of Texas-Austin); 79035515 (New York Public Library). Not located in CCPBE. Not located in Rebiun. Not located in Jisc. Not located in KVK (44 databased searched)

Jubilee Year 1760 for Mexico – The Phillipps Copy

41. RUBIO Y SALINAS, Manuel Joseph, Archbishop of Mexico. *Edicto del Ilm^o Señor Arzobispo de Mexico, para la publicacion del jubileo universal, que N. Santissimo Padre Clemente XIII* (Mexico): Imprenta de la Bibliotheca Mexicana, 1760. 4^o, disbound. Woodcut initial letter. From the library of Sir Thomas Phillipps. (1 l.), 17 pp. \$800.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION of this edict issued by Rubio y Salinas in August 1760. It summarizes the proclamation of Pope Clement XIII designating 1760 as a Jubilee Year, and the subsequent supporting proclamation issued by Charles III of Spain. The faithful are instructed in the proper ways of observing the Jubilee Year and the terms under which indulgences will be granted.

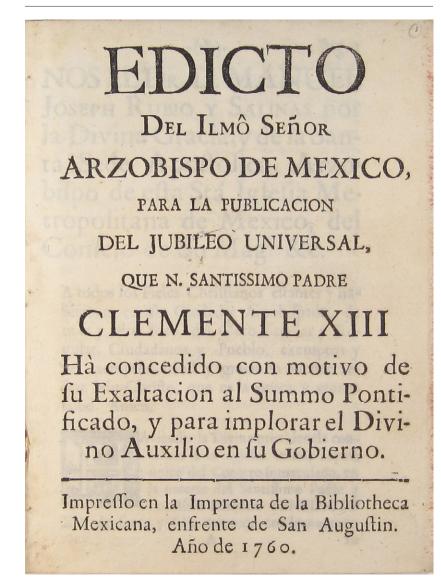
Rubio y Salinas (1702-1765) was born in Spain and held a variety of church posts before being appointed archbishop of Mexico in 1747, a post he held until his death.

Provenance: Sir Thomas Phillipps, 1st Baronet (1792-1872) was an English antiquary and book collector who amassed the largest collection of manuscript material in the 19th century, due to his severe condition of bibliomania. He was an illegitimate son of a textile manufacturer and inherited a substantial estate, which he spent almost entirely on vellum manuscripts, and, when out of funds, borrowed heavily to buy manuscripts, thereby putting his family deep into debt. Phillipps began his collecting while still at Rugby and continued at Oxford. Eventually he acquired some 40,000 printed books and 60,000 manuscripts, arguably the largest collection a single individual has created, and coined the term "vello-maniac" to describe his obsession. A.N.L. Munby notes that he spent perhaps between two hundred thousand and a quarter of a million pounds, altogether four or five thousand pounds a year, while accessions came in at the rate of forty or fifty a week. He was an assiduous cataloguer who established the Middle Hill Press (named after his country seat at Broadway, Worcestershire) in 1822 not only to record his book holdings but also to publish his findings in English topography and genealogy. Ultimately, the dispersal of his collection took over 100 years. A five-volume history of the collection and its dispersal, Phillipps Studies, by A. N. L. Munby was published between 1951 and 1960.

* León, *Bibliografía mexicana del s. XVIII* 662: same collation. Medina, *México* 4662: [calling for port.?]. Beristain de Souza (1947) VII, 2731. Sabin 48448. Not in Palau. Not located in *NUC*.

42. [SAINZ DE ALFARO Y BEAUMONT, Isidoro]. *Circular que el Señor Gobernador de la Sagrada Mitra dirige as los parrocos y eclesiasticos del Arzobispado de Mexico, recordando la obediencia y fidelidad a Dios y a nuestro cautivo Rey Fernando VII.* (Mexico): n.pr., (1810). 4°, disbound. In very good condition. Contemporary ink flourishes on final page, by signatures. (1 l.), 34 pp. \$800.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION of this pamphlet exhorting Mexican clergy to support their captive king, D. Fernando VII against the machinations of Napoleon and his brother Joseph Bonaparte, named king of Spain and the Indies in 1808. It was issued slightly less than six months prior to Hidalgo's "Grito de Dolores". Joseph Bonaparte had been trying



to lure loyal Americans to his side: "Falso rey Josef, los fidelisimos americanos se burlan de tus papeles sediciosos, de tus pomposas ofertas, de tus lisongeros futuros proyectos"

The pamphlet was issued by Isidoro Sainz de Alfaro acting as archbishop of Mexico on behalf of Francisco Xavier de Lizana y Baumont, who was at the time archbishop of Mexico as well as viceroy, governor and captain-general of New Spain. Sainz de Alfaro mentions Napoleon's treatment of the pope, and besides New Spain, mentions Nicaragua, Campeche, Guatemala and the Philippines.

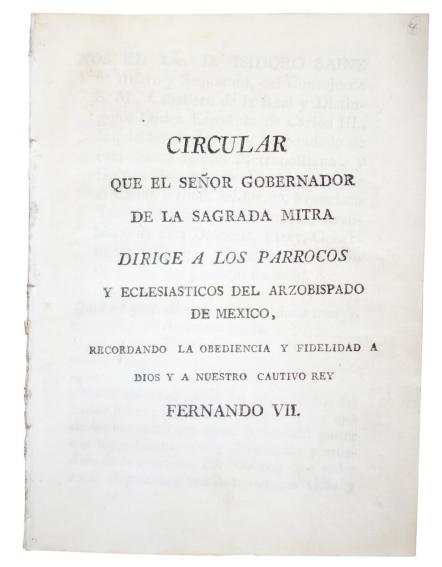
* Palau 285402 (calling in error for only 34 pp.). Gonzalez de Cossio, *La imprenta en Mexico* (1553-1820), 510 adiciones a la obra de Jose Toribio Medina 578 (agreeing with the collation of the present copy). Beristain de Sousa (1883) I, 54 (not clear if this refers to the present work). Not in Medina, *Mexico*. Not in Sabin. OCLC: 520006517 (Arizona State University-Tempe, The Huntington Library, University of California-Berkeley, University of California-Los Angeles, University of Pennsylvania, Texas A&M University, University of Texas-Austin, Washington State University); 504481788 (Indiana University, British Library); 740443593 (Biblioteca Nacional de España, Universidad de Sevilla); 55266671 (Biblioteca Nacional de Chile, Biblioteca Nacional de Mexico); 252852822 (Staatsbiblio-thek zu Berlin); 1097703448 (Universidad Autonoma de Puebla); 1318314105 (Biblioteca Nacional de Chile); 818342010 (Ministerio de Educación, Cultura y Deporte-Madrid). Rebiun locates two copies: Universidad de Sevilla, and Universidad de La Laguna. Jisc repeats the British Library only.

Santa Anna—"Victor of Tampico," "Savior of the Motherland," or "The Napoleon of the West"

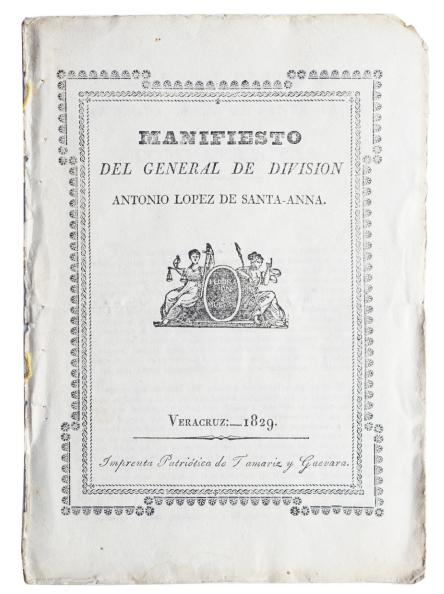
43. SANTA ANNA, Antonio Lopez de. *Manifiesto del General de Division Antonio Lopez de Santa-Anna.* Veracruz: Imprenta Patriótica de Tamariz y Guevara, 1829. 4°, disbound. Title page has elaborate typographical border plus a woodcut vignette of an oval shield ("Federacion o muerte") supported by seated figures of Justice (with a sword and a pair of scales) and another classical figure, with a spear. Lower wrapper has typographical border and vignette of the coat of arms of Mexico (an eagle attacking a snake, on top of a prickly pear cactus). Unopened. Horizontal foldline. Small faint dampstain to lower margin of first leaf. A bit frayed at the edges. Overall in good to very good condition. (1 1.), 7 pp., (1 1.); the first and last leaves could be considered original printed wrappers. \$1,600.00

FIRST EDITION of this letter dated December 15, 1829; it appeared again in Guatemala, 1830. The text on p. 1 begins: "El General de Division Antonio Lopez de Santa-Anna a sus compatriotas. Véome nuevamente en el case de difigir la palabra á mis conciudadanos" In this letter written from his hacienda of Manga de Clavo in Veracruz, where he was recovering from wounds suffered in the service of his country, Lopez de Santa Anna describes the political unrest in Mexico and why he is siding with Anastasio Bustamante.

During the summer of 1829, the Barradas Expedition landed at Tampico. It was Spain's final attempt to regain control of Mexico. By September, Lopez de Santa Anna had forced the Spanish to surrender, consolidating Mexican independence and increasing his own



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popularity. He styled himself the "Victor of Tampico," the "Savior of the Motherland," or "The Napoleon of the West."

On December 4, 1829, with Lopez de Santa Anna's support, Vice President Anastasio Bustamente rebelled against President Vicente Guerrero, who had come to power by a revolution in Mexico City less than a year earlier. The present *Manifiesto* was issued by Lopez de Santa Anna two days before Guerrero was captured. Over the course of 40 years, Santa Anna went on to serve 11 terms as president of the Republic. His political base was in the port city of Veracruz, where this pamphlet was printed.

* Palau 297703. Not in Sutro. Not in *Bibliotheca mejicana*. Not in Steele & Costeloe, *Independent Mexico*, which has several other works by Santa Anna. Not located in *NUC*. OCLC: 20055264 (without noting the initial or ultimate unnumbered leaves: University of California-Berkeley, Texas State Library & Archives). Not located in Patrimonio Bibliográfico Mexicano-Catálogo Colectivo de Fundos Antigos, which cites a México: Imprenta de Navarro, 1848 work with a similar title (two copies, both in the Biblioteca Nacional de México), but which appears to contain a different text. Not located in Rebiun. Jisc locates a copy at British Library. Not located in KVK (which should have cited British Library; 51 databases searched).

Tobacco in Orizava, Cordova and Jalapa

44. [TOBACCO—MEXICO]. *Contrata celebrada por la Direccion General del Tabaco y demas rentas estancadas, autorizada al efecto competentemente por el Supremo Gobierno, con los cosecheros de los distritos de Orizava, Cordova y Jalapa, para los años de 844 a 848, y con arreglo a las supremas ordenes de 18 de mayo, 13 y 15 de julio ultimos.* Mexico: En la Casa de Correccion, 1843. 8°, disbound. In very good condition. Early manuscript "4" in margin of title page. 24 pp. \$400.00

FIRST EDITION of these regulations for Mexican tobacco farmers in the state of Veracruz, near the Gulf Coast.

* Not in Arents. *NUC*: CU-B (giving date as 1848 [*sic*]). OCLC: 255544949 (Staats und Universitätsbibliothek Hamburg); 84213170 (without location). Not located in Jisc. KVK (51 databases searched) locates only the copy at Hamburg. Melvyl adds a copy at CSL.

Financial Problems with the Tobacco Monopoly in Mexico; Mentions Recent Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo with the United States

45.[**TOBACCO**—**MEXICO**]. *Contrato de compania celebrado por el Supremo Gobierno, para la administracion y giro de la renta del tabaco, y exposicion con que lo remitio a las camaras el Secretario del Despacho de Hacienda*. Mexico: Imprenta de Lara, 1848. 8°, disbound, traces of early blue wrappers. Decorative motifs on title page, at headings, and end. In good to very

good condition. Old ink numeral ("11") in manuscript in blank corner of title page. 35 pp. \$250.00

FIRST EDITION? A similar work, with the title beginning "Contrato de la Compania," was printed in Mexico City, 1848, with a collation of 37 pp.; in OCLC, it is listed in a number of microfiche copies apparently traceable to an original at Yale University.

This is an attempt to settle a snafu about supplying and paying for tobacco. The recent treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo with the United States, which ended the Mexican War, is mentioned on p. 3. Pages 11-35 are supporting documents.

* Not in Sutro. OCLC: 10978939 (New York Public Library, University of California-Berkeley, University of Southern California, University of Texas-Austin); 434446331 (Biblioteca Nacional de España); cf. 22749803, 22635042, 837331820, 837860722, 79722340, all with a slightly different title (see above) with 37 pp. Not located in Jisc.

Tobacco Contract in Mexico

46. [TOBACCO—MEXICO]. *Observaciones al dictamen de la segunda Comision de Hacienda de la Cámara de Diputados del Congreso General, de 4 de abril del corriente año, sobre que no se celebren contratas con la Empresa de Tabacos.* Mexico: impreso por Ignacio Cumplido, 1840. Tall8°, disbound. Some light foxing. In good to very good condition. 22 pp. \$450.00

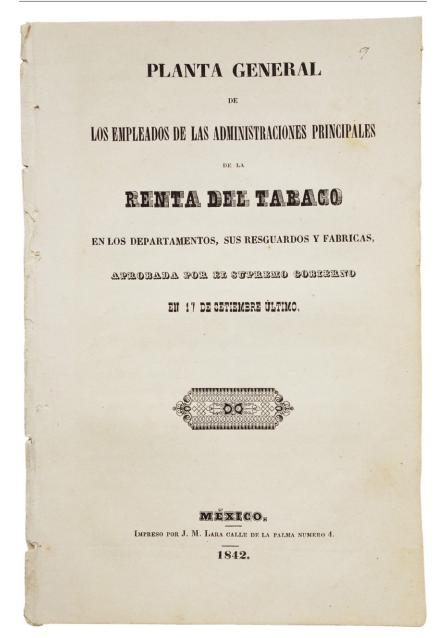
FIRST EDITION. Invective aimed at the abolition of the *estanco* and regulation of contracts between the government and the Empresa de Tabacos. At issue is the dictamen issued by the government and published in the national press, without having passed through the Camara, that no contracts concerning tobacco can be made without the previous authority of the Congreso General. Another edition was printed in 1850.

* Not in Arents. Not located in *NUC*. OCLC: 19945782 (University of California-Berkeley, University of Connecticut); 432717675 and 776481829 (Biblioteca Nacional de España); 651383691 (Biblioteca Nacional de Mexico); 778683794 is digitized. Not located in Jisc, which lists the 1850 edition at British Library. KVK (51 databases searched) locates only a microfilm copy. Melvyl locates a copy a UCB.

Administration of Tobacco in Mexico

47. [TOBACCO—MEXICO]. *Planta general de los empleados de las administraciones principales de la Renta del Tabaco en los departamentos, sus resguardos y fabricas, aprobada por el Supremo Gobierno en 17 de Setiembre último.* Mexico: Imprenta de J.M. Lara, 1842. 8°, disbound. Wood-engraved vignette on title page. In good condition. With contemporary ink marginalia. 15 pp. \$600.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION of this accounting by the Mexican Dirección General de la Renta de Tabacos, giving salaries, allowances, number of employees, etc., for its establishments in Mexico City, Cordova, Jalapa, Veracruz, Zacatecas, Jalasco, Durango,



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San Luis Potosi, Chihuahua, Guanajuato, Queretaro, Puebla, Oajaca, Michoacan, Victoria, Tampico, Monterey, and Sinaloa.

* Sabin 63309. Not in Sutro. Not in Palau. Not in Arents. OCLC: 79934352 (Instituto Tecnologico y de Estudios Superiores de Monterrey); 562568266 (British Library). Not located in CCPBE. Not located in Rebiun. Jisc locates a copy in the British Library. Not located in KVK (51 databases searched). Not located in Library of Congress Online Catalogue. Not located in Catnyp. Not located in Hollis. Not located in Orbis. Not located in University of Texas online catalogue. Melvyl locates a copy at the California State Library with only 14 pp.

Mexican Tobacco Contract

48. [TOBACCO—MEXICO]. *Reflexiones sobre el contrato de compañía, celebrado por el Supremo Gobierno en 18 de agosto de 1848, para el manejo y administracion de la renta del tabaco, y sobre el acuerdo de la Camara de Diputados de mediados del ultimo mayo, relativo a su rescision. Mexico: Imprenta de J.M. Lara, 1851. 8°, disbound. Wood-engraved headpiece and initial on p. 3. In very good condition. Old ink manuscript "13" in corner of title page. 30 pp. \$300.00*

FIRST EDITION, giving the pros and cons of the present and proposed method of managing the tobacco monopoly.

* Not in Arents. Not located in *NUC*. OCLC: 4181167 (University of California at Berkeley, University of California at San Diego, University of Connecticut); 432772507 (Biblioteca Nacional, Madrid); 562555533 (British Library). Jisc repeats the British Library. Not located in KVK (51 databases searched).

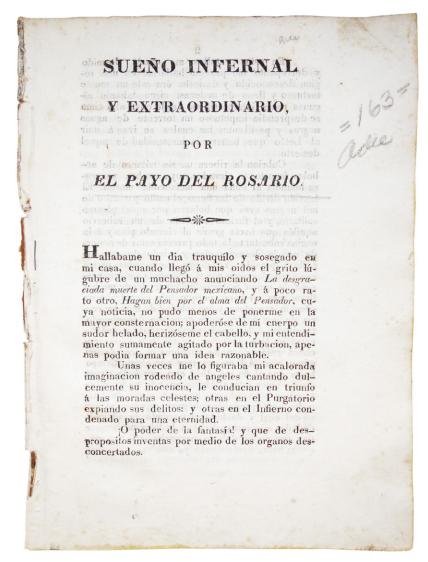
Tobacco in Orizava, Veracruz

49. [**TOBACCO**—**MEXICO**]. *Reglamento del cuerpo de cosecheros de tabaco del distrito de Orizava, aprobado por el Supremo Gobierno en 13 de agosto de 1842.* Mexico: Imprenta de J.M. Lara, 1842. 8°, disbound. In very good condition. 18 pp. \$400.00

FIRST EDITION. The *cosecheros* (harvesters, reapers) of Orizava agree to act as a group rather than as individuals, sharing expenses and limiting production as the local collective decrees.

Orizava (or Orizaba) is in Veracruz, near the Gulf Coast of Mexico.

* Not in Arents. *NUC*: CU-B. OCLC: 19914468 (University of California-Berkeley, Staats- und Universitätsbibliothek Hamburg, calling for 18 pp.); 19914452 (University of California-Berkeley, calling for 19 pp.). Not located in Jisc. KVK (51 databases searched) locates only the Hamburg copy.



50. [VILLAVICENCIO, Pablo]. *Sueno infernal y extraordinario, por El Payo del Rosario*. Mexico: José Maria Ramos Palomero, 1822. 4°, disbound and stapled. Scattered light foxing, small wormhole in lower blank margin. 12 pp. \$800.00

FIRST EDITION. An interesting work by one of the leading liberals of the time, and an important contribution to the pamphlet war that raged in Mexico from 1820 to 1827, the year Fernandez de Lizardi died. The debate focused on Lizardi's attacks on certain aspects of the Church and on his defense of Freemasonry. Villavicencio, a defender of Lizardi, uses the literary device of a dream brought on by the imagined death of Lizardi to present the participants in the debate and their positions in the controversy.

* Palau 368962. Sutro I, 371-77. Not in Steele & Costeloe. NUC: InU, CtY.

51. VITIER, Medardo. *La lección de Varona*. Mexico: Colegio de Mexico, Centro de Estudos Sociales, 1945. Jornadas, 31. 4°, original printed wrappers. In very good condition. 70 pp., (11.). \$10.00

Biographical and intellectual study of the Cuban philosopher Enrique José Varona (1849-1933).

