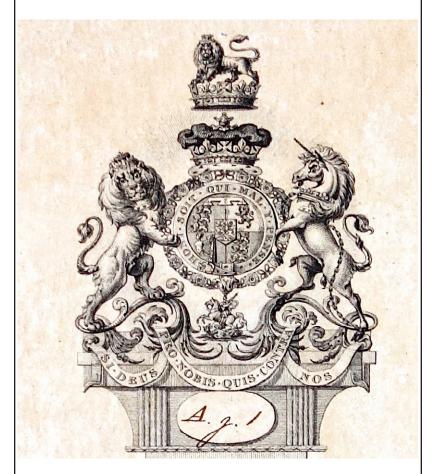
#### RICHARD C. RAMER



Special List 539 Five Recent Acquisitions

#### RICHARD C.RAMER

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March 17, 2025

#### Special List 539 Five Recent Acquisitions

Items marked with an asterisk (\*) will be shipped from Lisbon.

#### SATISFACTION GUARANTEED:

All items are understood to be on approval, and may be returned within a reasonable time for any reason whatsoever.

VISITORS BY APPOINTMENT







## Special List 539 Five Recent Acquisitions

Perhaps the Greatest, Most Monumental Example of Early Printing in Spain The First Great Work of Co-operative Biblical Scholarship to be Printed The First and Most Influential of All the Polyglot Bibles Augustus Frederick, Duke of Sussex—Doheny copy

1. [BIBLE] Ximenez de Cisneros, Francisco]. Complutensian Polyglot Bible, in Hebrew, Aramaic, Greek, and Latin. 6 volumes in 7. Alcalá de Henares: Arnaldo Guillén de Brocar, 1514-1517. Folio (36.5 x 26.3 cm), seventeenth century calf, raised bands to spine forming compartments, two compartments with lettering pieces the rest heavily tooled, the seventh volume slightly different but in the same style (boards reattached), excellent condition, just slightly worn. Hebrew, Greek, and Roman types, titles printed in red and black, with woodcut arms of Cardinal Ximenes in woodcut border, woodcut initials in volume 5, printer's device. Scattered foxing, sometimes a bit heavy as usual, some quires a little browned, contemporary marginal annotations to a few leaves, overall a very tall and fresh copy in excellent condition. Volume I: 299 unnumbered ff. (first blank removed by the binder) including 2 leaves of errata; volume II: 260 unnumbered ff. including 2 errata leaves; volume III: 202 unnumbered ff.; volume IV: 268 unnumbered ff. (including the 2 errata leaves); volume V: 222 unnumbered ff. (the additional 49 leaves were supplied at an early stage from a former copy from the British Library and form volume VII of the set); volume VI: 222 unnumbered ff. (without the 2 blanks:  $\pi 1$  after the title, and C4 of the Introductio artis grammatice hebraice); volume VII: 49 unnumbered ff. (last blank removed by the binder). 6 volumes in 7. \$280,000.00

FIRST EDITION of the first and most influential of all the great Polyglot Bibles of the Renaissance, the "first great work of co-operative biblical scholarship to be printed" (*Printing and the Mind of Man*), including the first printings of the Septuagint and the Greek New Testament -before that of Erasmus-, a monumental production, of extraordinary importance for the understanding of the Bible.

"The Complutensian Polyglot was the first, and the most beautiful, of a series of great polyglot Bibles produced in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries" (PMM).

This is a fabulous copy, once owned by Augustus Frederick, Duke of Sussex (1773-1843), son of King George III, and later by one of the great collectors of the twentieth century of religious and early printing, Estelle Doheny.

"The first great work of co-operative biblical scholarship to be printed, it was instigated by, and produced at the expense of, Cardinal Francisco Ximenes de Cisneros

(1436-1517), famous both as a statesman and patron of learning and founder of the University of Alcalá. There, under the leadership of Diego Lopez de Zuniga (Stunica), a group of scholars spent over fifteen years editing the texts, beginning in 1502 and completing their task only a few months before the Cardinal's death. Unlike Erasmus they made use of a considerable number of manuscripts, some-now preserved at Madrid-having been acquired by Ximenes, and others borrowed from various sources, including several from the Vatican. The New Testament was finished by 10 January 1514, and was therefore printed (although not published) before Erasmus's first edition of 1516." (PMM, 52).

The publication took almost a decade, as explained in PMM "The Appendix was completed in 1515, and the four volumes of the Old Testament were printed last, the final one in 1517. Publication was delayed, however, for over five years and the book does not seem to have been on sale before 1522. The most probable reason for this delay is the exclusive imperial privilege granted to Erasmus for four years in 1516. It meant that the Complutensian text of the New Testament was not available to Luther when he made his translation, so that most Protestant versions have been based on Erasmus's less scholarly text. Full use was made of it, however, in the 1550 edition of the Greek New Testament published by Robert Estienne in Paris, which became known as the 'textus receptus' and dominated New Testament criticism for three centuries."

Cardinal Francisco Ximenes commissioned this monument to renaissance scholarship in honor of the birth of the future Charles V, Holy Roman Emperor, to reconcile the many variations in the Latin Vulgate. The undertaking is one of the most industrious attempts to reconcile the Latin Vulgate and compile a corpus by consulting the original manuscript texts in Greek and Hebrew, which were borrowed from the Vatican or purchased by Ximenes himself for the project, some of these manuscripts are identified today.

The printer Guillén de Brocar modeled his Greek typeface on one of these manuscripts, cited by Proctor as "the finest Greek fount ever cut."

The Septuagint, comprising vols I-IV, was finished in 1517—a year before the Aldine Greek Bible. The fifth volume, containing the New Testament, was actually the first to be printed, thus predating Erasmus's 1516 Greek New Testament. However, although completed in 1517, the Complutensian Bible was not officially published until 1520, the year in which the exclusive privilege for Erasmus's inferior Greek New Testament expired. The Papal privilege for the present edition was granted in March 1520 and specifies that as many as 600 copies were printed. Its text was the basis for Robert Estienne's 1550 Greek New Testament, known as the 'textus receptus', which became the primary text of Biblical criticism for the next three centuries.

Jimenez was the main character of the ecclesiastic reform that began in Spain in the middle of the 15th century leading to the creation of a religious-cultural-university policy common to Spanish monarchy and church. Its ideology was based in a reformer program and in a reconstruction process of the reign according to postulates of centralization and unification of the political power, the creation of a new Hispanic Monarchy. Jimenez conceived the creation of a citadel for Christianity, in which Renaissance humanism and biblical theology would harmonize; visited by masters, students, monks and reformer friars, writers and printers.

Catholic Monarchs and Jimenez were sure of the importance of education and culture into the reformer project undertaken by the Church and the State. Thanks to the collaboration between monarchs Isabella and Ferdinand, Jimenez, and the Pope Alexander VI, the project of the creation of a new university in Spain arose, more concretely in the reign of Toledo, meeting the necessities of the educational ideals of new times shared by all of them. In order to place such center, Jimenez chose Alcalá, place upon which Toledo's Archbishop had jurisdiction.

Jimenez conceived the new institution of the university as an ideal instrument to carry a reformer program, as a response to the needs of humanistic, intellectual and

university renovation of the ecclesiastical pictures of that time and of Castilian society. His idea was to create an institution elevating the spiritual level of society in general and of clergy in particular, by means of a whole organism of teaching, from basics to deep knowledge, mainly oriented to theology. The Complutense Polyglot Bible symbolizes his extraordinary and universal project.

The Polyglot Bibles published in Europe between 1500 and 1700 offered some of the best expressions of the objectives of late Renaissance humanism. Exquisitely printed, in an increasing number of ancient and Eastern languages, edited by the greatest biblical scholars of the day, they combined the ideals of the bibliophile with those of the philologist.

Distinguished provenance: Petri Ludovici Ruvialis (signatures on volumes I, II, III, IV and VI); Andrea Solex (early inscription on title of volume V); British Museum (stamp at end of volume VII); Augustus Frederick, Duke of Sussex (1773-1843), son of King George III (book plate in each volume); Estelle Doheny (book plate in each volume), her sale Christie's 14 December 2001, lot 155.

\* PMM, 52. Adams, B968. Darlow & Moule 1412 and 4593. Martin Abad, La imprenta en Alcalá de Henares (1502-1600) 28. Norton, Printing in Spain, 1501-1520, pp. 33-48, 139-40; A Descriptive Catalogue of Printing in Spain and Portugal, 1501-1520 27. Lyell, Early Book Illustration in Spain, pp. 159-64; Cardinal Ximenes. Statesman, Ecclesiastic, Soldier and Man of Letters, with an Account of the Complutensian Polyglot Bible. David Stem, The Jewish Bible: A material history, pp. 177-8.

#### Early Portuguese Anarchist Tract

**2. ETIÉVANT, Jorge.** *A minha defeza (Declarações do autor, ácerca d'um pretendido crime de que foi accusado, para serem lidas no tribunal).* Lisbon: Edição da Revolta, 1892. Bibliotheca Anarchista, I. 8°, original pink printed wrappers. In fine condition. 31 pp. \$200.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION. From the press of *A Revolta: Revista Semanal do Socialismo anarchico*. The author had been accused of stealing dynamite.

\*OCLC: 80884288: (International Institute of Social History). Not located in Porbase. Not located in KVK (51 databases searched).

3. LEIKIN, Julia, and Elena Smilianskaia, eds. Russian Faith, Honour, & Courage Displayed in a Faithfull Narrative of the Russian Expedition by Sea in the Years 1769 & 1770 by Rear Admiral John Elphinstone Late Commander in Chief of a Squadron of Her Imperial Majesty's Ships & Captain in His Majesty's Royal Navy Compiled from Original Letters, Papers & Journals. London: The Hakluyt Society, 2024. Hakluyt Society, Third Series, n°. 43. Large 8°, publisher's navy cloth, gilt, with light blue dust jacket. Frontispiece portrait of Elphinstone. 4 maps in text. As new. xiv, 327 pp., 12 color plates.

FIRST and ONLY EDITION.



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יָלרְצָס פָה צַבַּרִית לֶרְ אַרִי "כְּהָהַנִי דְנֵן הָלֶת זְסְנִיןוּתַאַפֶּר בָּלְצָס לְאַקָּטִאַיִיתֹּה איל פון אית הַרָבָא בִּירִי אַרַי רְצוֹ קְפַלֹתִידְוּ וַאַפַּרָת אַקְאַ לְּבְּלְעָּם הַיִּא אַזְאַ דִּרְבַנָּתְעֵלִי פִּרְאָתָיר עַד יוכָא בֿרִין בפִילף אַל יְבְּיָא לְפַעָּר לָּ בְּרַין שַּרְיֹּ וולא נה נע הה בלהסוטוא בעפל אלא בנה, בפער לאולוא וטלבי בנים, וּרְבעוֹסְנִיד לְאַפֿוֹהִי וַהַאַפַר בֹיה פַלְאַבָּא בַּינִינֻעל פָה'סַחָּתָא תִאַנְעוֹ הְּ זיקנין כא צנא נפחת" לסספו שכי גלי פרפי לאת בעי לפתל אונה מוֹתְני אַתְטִא וֹסְטַת טִן מַרָבֵי רְצוַתְּלֹת זִכְנִין וְאֵילוֹפון לֵא סְטַת מוְ מַנַדְּיָר הֹ יָמָר פַעִּילִית וְתָּיָה פַנִיפִית וּשְׁפֵר כִּלְיָפִם לְפָּיְשְׁכָא הַיִין בִּרָת אַנִי לַא תְּלְהַיּ קצינוד לַכַּרָפותי בְאוּרָתָא וּרָעָן אָם בִישׁ מַבַּכָּר אַתוּברי ו וְאַפַר פּרְאַכְּע דֹ איזית גם ולביא ולעוב זה פינולא באותקת ופר זהים ישלי יאון כב בַרְרָבִי בָּלָקוושְׁטֶע בָּלֶקאַרִי אָתָא בְּלְעֶם וְנַפְּקְּהָבְטוּתֵיה ייייייייי

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# בשה לארן מנ 'נירא את סלאר יותה 'נצב' בלרך

"אַעוֹשׁר בָּנָה 'הָאָתוֹן וַתְטִילְפָּנַר וְהֹשֶׁלִשׁ"רְנָּיִים 'פַלאַרְ' יָהוָה' אָל ' בִּלְעָם 'לַרְ' עם

האנשים 'וֹאַכָּס אָת' וֹדַבָּר אַשׁר. אַרַבָּר 'אַלִיךָ 'אוֹע "תַרַבַּר 'ווֹלֵדְ יבלעם עם שבי בלקו וישפע בלק 'כִי בָא'בְלְעָם 'וַיצֵא' לִקְרָאתו' אַל Interp.cbal.

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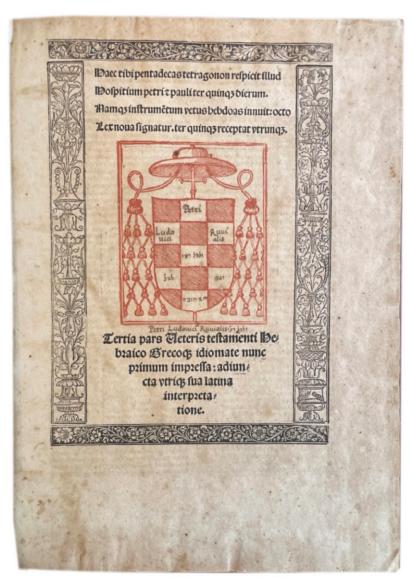
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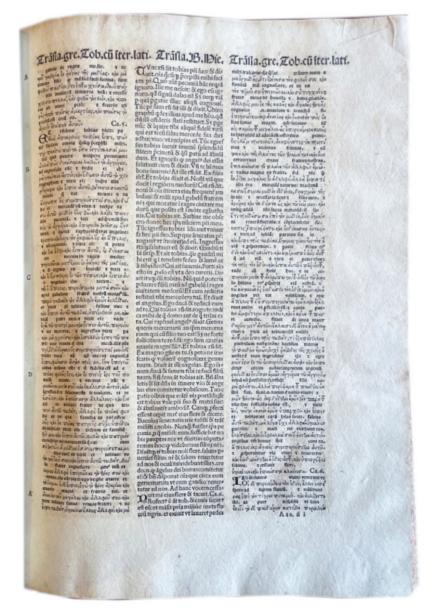
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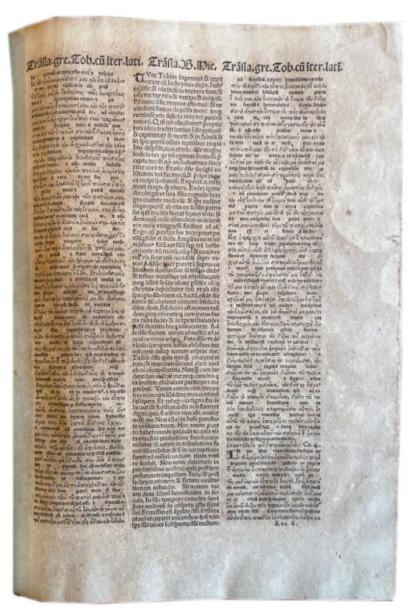
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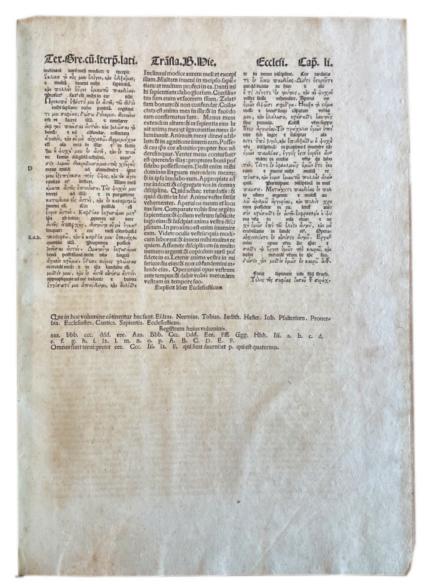
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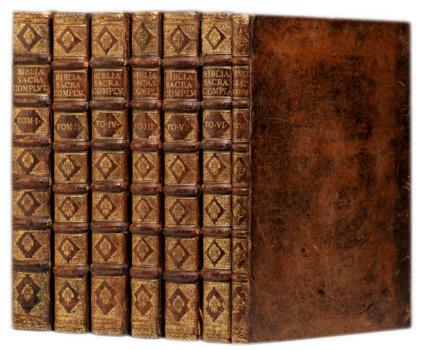
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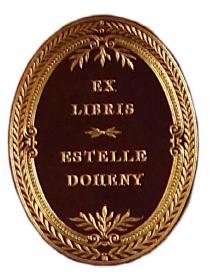
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Item 1







Item 1

### BIBLIOTHECA ANARCHISTA I Jorge Etiévant A MINHA DEFEZA (Declarações do autor, ácerca d'um pretendido crime de que foi accusado, para serem lidas no tribunal) 1892 Edição da REVOLTA 1, Travessa do Hospital, 1 LISBOA

Item 2

#### BIBLIOTHECA ANARCHISTA

I

Jorge Etiévant

### A MINHA DEFEZA

(Declarações do autor, ácerca d'um pretendido crime de que foi accusado, para serem lidas no tribunal)



1892

Edição da REVOLTA

1, Travessa do Hospital, 1

LISBOA

Item 2

**4. PIMENTA, Alfredo.** *Carta a sua magestade a Rainha Senhora D. Amélia.* Porto: Imprensa Portuguesa, 1945. 8°, original beige printed wrappers. In very good condition. Author's initialed presentation inscription. Number 51 of 100 copies. 16 pp. \$100.00

FIRST and ONLY EDITION. Urges D. Amélia to support D. Duarte II as legitimate representative of the Portuguese crown.

Alfredo [Augusto Lopes] Pimenta (Guimarães, 1882-Lisbon, 1950), early in life was a militant anarchist. Polemicist, historian, essayist and poet, as a journalist he moved toward republicanism, then after 1915 joined the movement of Integralismo Lusitano, becoming one of its leading and most doctrinaire proponents. Monarchist-Integralist with strong Catholic tendencies, he became a defender of corporatism, working as a secondary school teacher, parliamentary deputy (1913-1918), Director of the Arquivo Municipal de Guimarães (1931-1950), and Director of the Torre do Tombo (1949-1950). As a poet he is not easily classified, transitioning from simbolism-decadentism, occasionally including elements of saudosismo, turning to modernism, both in its initial phase of *Orpheu*, and that of *Presença*.

\* OCLC: 958982486 (Biblioteca de Arte Calouste Gulbenkian).

#### Economic Bestseller

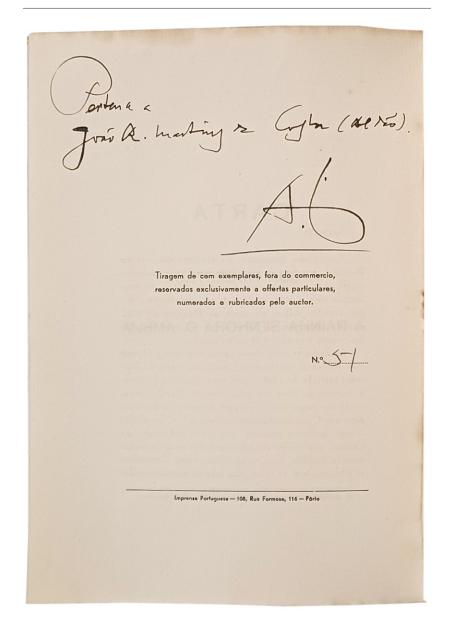
5. SAY, Jean-Baptiste. Cathecismo de economia politica, ou instrucção familiar, que mostra de que modo são produzidas as riquezas, como são distribuidas e consumidas na sociedade. Obra fundada sobre factos, e util a todas as classes de pessoas, porque indica as vantagens que cada qual pode tirar da sua situação, e dos seua talentos. Por João Baptista Say, Author do Tratado de Economia Politica. Traduzido do Francez por J.B.R. e dado á luz por J. da C.N. Lisbon: Na Impressão Liberal, 1822. 8°, disbound. In good to very good condition. iv, 144 pp. \$300.00

First Portuguese edition of this translation of the author's *Catéchisme d'économie politique* .... Another translation, from the English, was published in Macao, 1820, for which OCLC locates a single copy, at the Oliveira Lima Library-Catholic University of America.

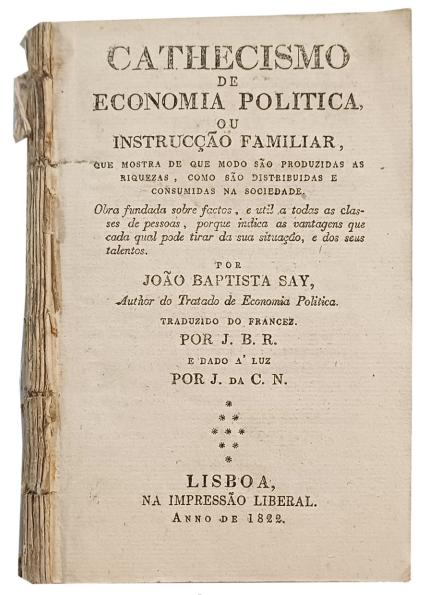
\* Goldsmiths'-Kress library of economic literature 23474.25. Kress, *Luso-Brazilian Economic Literature Before 1850*, p. 13. Carpenter, *The Economic Bestsellers Before 1850*, p. 27. Notin Gonçalves Rodrigues, *Atradução em Portugal*, which does list the 1820 Macao edition.



Item 4



Item 4



 $Item\ 5$ 

Our Lisbon Office

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